DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

PUBLIC BUSINESS MEETING

January 16, 2019

10:00 a.m.

Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board 625 Indiana Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20004 >> HAMILTON: Good morning. My name is Bruce Hamilton. I'm the Chairman of the
 Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board. I will preside over this morning's public meeting.
 With me are my colleagues on the Board, Board Member Jessie Roberson, Board Member
 Daniel Santos and Board Member Joyce Connery. We four constitute the Board. Having
 established a quorum of Board members, this public meeting will now come to order.
 Ms. Casey Blaine, the Board's general counsel will serve as the executive secretary for the
 meeting.

8 This public meeting was not announced on the Federal Register because of the 9 government lack of appropriations. It will be posted on the Federal Register as soon as the appropriation is passed. We did announce it on the Board's public website. And we are 10 holding this public business meeting pursuant to the government and the Sunshine Act. The 11 12 Board's implementing regulations for the government and the Sunshine Act and the Board's 13 operating procedures. The objective of this public meeting is public business meeting is for 14 the Board to discuss recommendations of the national academy of public administration and of 15 the inspector general. Both organizations have written reports. Copies of the executive summaries are available online at www.dnsfb.gov. 16

I have a couple personal opening remarks. For those who might not have been with us in
December, I would like to offer a very abbreviated background of why we are having this series
of public meetings. Last February, the Board engaged the National Academy of Public
Administration to provide an assessment of our Board and agency and offer a path to better
performance. The result was an exhaustive study and an extensive report published in

22 November entitled Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board Organizational Assessment.

In parallel with the work by the National Academy, our own Office of Inspector General conducted a study of our issue and commitment tracking system commonly called IACTS. And also released a report in November which had some observations similar to those in the NAPA report. The purpose of this series of meetings is to operationalize the recommendations in those reports.

28 Prior to the December must be meeting, we determined the process by which we will 29 proceed. First, we agreed to address each of the report's recommendations sequentially and we've identified a board member who will lead the discussion for each. Secondly, we agreed 30 to allocate a specific amount of time for each recommendation understanding that we may 31 32 need to come back to those should we have need more time for further deliberations. Third, 33 we intend to place each recommendations or sub-recommendation into one of three 34 categories. Closed without further discussion, assigned to a Board member for follow-up or 35 tabled for further discussion. And the general counsel is to maintain a list of dispositions of 36 these recommendations and sub-recommendations. We are keenly interested in observations from our staff. And last month, we collected a 37 large number of written comments, both anonymous and attributed. While we don't 38

39 have -- don't currently have a plan to address each of those comments on an individual basis, I

want to ensure the staff that each of us Board members has read all of the comments and is
using them to inform us as we proceed through this process. I'm hopeful that we will receive

42 additional comments in the wake of today's meeting and at some point in the near future, we

43 will begin to engage more directly beginning with staff leadership.

44 This is a messy process. Organizational functionality involves the most complex machine

we know of. The human mind or rather in this case many human minds. Most issues we are
 dealing with are interdependent. And like the chicken and the egg, it's usually impossible to

3 determine which should come first. Consequently, we have chosen to attack the

4 recommendations in the order that NAPA presented them. Recognizing that many, if not

5 most, will require revisiting as we go through the process.

6 This iterative approach is not perfect. It's highly unlikely there is a perfect solution. But 7 we believe this process will be as orderly and comprehensive as is possible.

8 I would now turn to Ms. Roberson for her introductory remarks.

9 >> ROBERSON: thank you, Mr. Chairman. I do not have any additional comments today 10 for opening.

11 >> HAMILTON: Thank you, Ms. Roberson. Mr. Santos?

12 >> SANTOS: No comments.

13 >> HAMILTON: Thank you, Mr. Santos. Ms. Connery?

14 >> CONNERY: I'm going to buck the system and I've provided opening comments. So 15 thank you, Mr. Chairman. I think it's important for our staff and our stakeholders to 16 understand the intent of these meetings and I appreciate the fact that the Chairman outlined 17 them again. I know that the skeptics will say that this is a check the box exercise and not a 18 true effort to address underlying issues. And there is historic precedent for that skepticism.

I've been on the Board since 2015. And this is the first time that I have seen each Board
member committing the time and the effort to honestly engage on the problems that exist in
the Board. In the past, we've had some off-sights. The results have been mixed at best,
disastrous at worst. But the Board seems to be committed to doing the work and we've had a

23 couple of what I would call moderately successful team building sessions offline.

Are we there? Not nearly. But there is a good deal of mistrust still among Board members and, to put it bluntly, hurt feelings. We are not going to fix those in the short term, but I think as long as we are making progress, we are each committed to continuing to engage in that team building. That team building is aimed at getting the Board to function better. This Board. And as we get this Board functioning better, we will be able to address the systemic challenges that we face across the agency including the challenges to organizational

30 culture and mission effectiveness.

I know from the employee feedback -- thank you, by the way, for those of you what provided feedback either written or personally to Board members. And we know that you aren't thrilled with the process. There are a few general comments such as the fact that NAPA -- the NAPA talk about actions that can be taken immediately including some of those that call for staff involvement.

I appreciate that comment but the Board has to be able to speak with one voice on the direction of the agency. That's our responsibility. Once we find that voice, I absolutely agree that senior staff and other staff should be involved in helping right the ship. I can only ask for your patience, which I know is running out, and you're continued excellence and dedication to the mission while we bug away.

To my fellow Board members, thank you for your efforts. Yesterday's session was not
ideal to the reschedule and the tight turnaround. I think we need to step up our game.
Myself included. Take more risks and deposit more in the trust bank. Thank you.
>> HAMILTON: Thank you Board member Connery. We are now going to go to first order

of business which is to review our documents from the last public business meeting. And I'm 1 2 just going to go through those recommendations. We have a spreadsheet that counsel has 3 prepared for us. And I'm going to mine through the first. I'm just going to go through and 4 update where I believe we are. In recommendation one, sub-recommendation one, that was 5 for me to contact the White House. We closed that. I will note that earlier this week, there 6 was an announcement from the White House -- I guess it was Friday. Intent to nominate a 7 Mr. Former Colonel Thomas Summers to the Board. So that's the fifth Board member that we didn't know who was going to be at the point. In any case, that sub-recommendation is closed 8 9 without further action at this point. Second, sub-recommendation was to pursue legislation to restrict Board member terms. Currently the Board member terms bylaw when they expire, 10 we can continue to serve. Three of us are currently serving in expired terms. 11 12 The recommendation was to change legislation so that when our terms expire, we have to -- we either have to be reappointed or we can on no longer serve much like Nuclear 13 14 Regulatory Commission. That legislative proposal has been put into a bin of several 15 others -- with several other legislative proposals that the General Counsel will be working on with us in the future. So I consider that not -- it's not closed -- but it's assigned to me and 16

17 that's what we are doing with it right now.

18 The third sub-recommendation was the NAS registry of potential Board member

candidates. And that is also a legislative proposal that will go in that bin that the General
Counsel is working on. We had that tabled for further discussion. Unless there is any

objection, I'm going to say that that's assigned to me for further action.

22 >> ROBERSON: The only thing I want to clarify is, further action is a proposal to the full
 23 board.

24 >> HAMILTON: That's correct. That doesn't mean that you are agreeing with it. That
 25 means I'm handling through that group of proposals.

26 >> ROBERSON: Gotcha. Thank you.

27 >> HAMILTON: Ask the General Counsel to change that assigned outcome to assigned to
 28 me. And that's my sub-recommendation one and we will go to sub-recommendation two and
 29 Ms. Connery.

>> CONNERY: Before we finish, did you want to talk a little bit about the timeline for that?
 >> HAMILTON: The timeline is very constricted. We have -- we are thinking that we have
 to get that set of proposals put through in the next month. And so General Counsel is starting
 to work that as a top priority. And there is at least -- I know of three or four different items in
 there and there may be some others. We're going to bucket as a group of things and do it all
 at once. Okay Ms. Connery.

36 >> CONNERY: Thank you. So the sub-recommendation number two was to establish
 37 mission vision and principles for the DNFSB. This was assigned to me to work on. And the
 38 Board notionally agreed to the fact that we will need outside help for this. So I will give you a
 39 little update which was that I spent some time talking to NAPA, the same folks that wrote this
 40 report, about potentially helping us with the strategic plan.

Now they have been through this process before with other boards and other agencies and
 they definitely had some lessons learned from how that works and how it doesn't work.

43 indicated that I wasn't quite sure how the process would work with NAPA. And they wanted

to assure me that it wouldn't be like the NAPA process where they come and interview

everybody and provide us with documents at the end. This would be a process in which they 1 2 would work with us each step of the way, establish milestones in order to get us to a process. 3 They're going to give me more information and we'll look at whether or not we would like 4 to go with NAPA or with any other organization. But regardless of which organization we go to, the -- both the process which is going to be in and of itself helpful to the agency for creating 5 priorities for the staff and for the board and the outcome again are going to be important. 6 7 And I think for a timeline, my vision is that we could probably if we contract something in 8 March, we could probably get something out by the end of the fiscal year. But it will take 9 again work of not only the outside help, the Board members both individually and collectively as well as members of the staff. And I think they also have a process in which they can engage 10 outside stakeholders to get input to that as well. 11 12 But at the end of the day, I think what we should get is as that process goes on and we build 13 the milestones, it should help inform both the work planning process the staff is going to do, 14 any staffing planning and then our favorite the performance metrics system and we had a 15 conversation about that with NAPA as well where there is a struggle to define metrics that are not just quantitative, you know, send X number of letters but also qualitative to make sure that 16

the products we are putting out are the highest caliber. And they had some thoughts and
ideas about that.

>> HAMILTON: Let me just interrupt. I think this is a fantastic path forward, the NAPA
approach, for two reasons. One, I think we need to get somebody from the outside who can
tell us how this is done with other agencies and commissions and boards. And, two, given
that they just did this big assessment of us, they already have a head start in knowing what we
are dealing with. I really think this is the right direction to go.

24 >> ROBERSON: I think it's a good investment. I think it will be good. Even if they hadn't
 25 done this, I think having somebody outside of the organization help keep us in the mainstream
 26 in our thinking will be helpful. I think it's a good path too.

>> SANTOS: The timing is going to be very important. We have all these recommendations
while doing all these exercise, understanding the sequence and sequencing properly, I think is
important. I'm sure you're taking that into consideration.

>> CONNERY: That's an excellent point, Mr. Santos. I actually think if we can -- I kept 30 stressing milestone documents because I know that you in particular are a fan of milestones 31 32 and schedules, when will we see what piece of it. And I think if we can divide it up in that way, again, will help inform some of the other things that we are doing. I know that there are 33 34 other conversations we are going to have a little bit later on about the possibility of an EDO, et 35 cetera. Again, my thought process is if the Board can establish a strategic vision and I 36 strategic plan separate from our statute which exists, right, that that's not changing, but where 37 we need the agency to go in the next five years or so, if we bring in additional leadership or 38 even if the Board members change over, they are going to be able to pick that up and run with it and then execute to the strategic planning. And then maybe that helps. 39 Right now, we have a little bit of a disconnect in that much of what's happening is 40 41 bottom-up. We need to make sure that there is topdown prioritization of where we think we

should emphasize the majority of the workforce. Additionally, some subcomponents of the
agency are working as they should on their own strategic plans. So I'm mindful of the fact

44 that -- and human resources is working on one and I think some of the folks in the text staff

have kind of a mini strategic plan for their office that has to connect up. And so we need to 1 2 make sure that those things don't pass in the night.

3 >> ROBERSON: I was just going to say that it's necessary. I think one of the things that's 4 created some of our problems is the layering. And so at some point, all of that stuff needs to come together and be in alignment. I think it's critical. I also think, although I want to see 5 6 something sooner is kind of my nature, I also don't want to make sure that we don't let the 7 clock determine the quality of what we do here.

8

>> HAMILTON: Thank you, Ms. Connery. Item three was Board member Santos.

9 >> SANTOS: Yes. On the 140 piece, we are on track. We have schedule upcoming 10 hearing. We communicated to the Secretary of Energy, we continue to track and wanted implementation of order across the sites. The aspects of legislative proposals associated with 11 12 140, my recommendation is that be added to the bin of items that we are going to be working 13 with the General Counsel in the short term. So that would be my both path forward there. 14 And I added a recommendation -- we had a short discussion in the previous meeting, but is this 15 concept of providing some sort of guidance or statements to the staff regarding some of the jurisdictional items that are creating some confusion whether it is worker safety, on-site 16 17 transportation. We went through some of that.

18 Right now, I think we should table that for later discussions. Because we are going to be 19 looking at improvements to our correspondence process, how we are going to interact in public 20 meetings. I just want to make sure those topics are not left behind. I do feel we need to 21 provide some guidance to the staff, where is that collective vision on some of the jurisdictional 22 Right now, we are handling that individual votes on our vote comments. And while I items. 23 don't think that's sufficient when comes to their ability to perform their reviews from the 24 beginning. I added an item to track that one. Any comments?

25 >> HAMILTON: Yeah, I'd like to just kind of probe a little bit. Maybe you are looking at this 26 in a more formal way than I am. To me, making a statement from the Board that we all agree 27 on that we view, for example, the restrictions on category 3 and radiological facilities not a 28 restriction that's in the Atomic Energy Act is a pretty simple thing to say. How far do we need 29 to go in fleshing that out.

>> SANTOS: Now there has been some confusion and the staff is been confused of whether 30 they can conduct some reviews or not because of the perceived difference. For example, 31 32 nonnuclear hazards, on-site transportation, worker safety. And that's created some confusion 33 on whether the staff should be performing some activities on those areas. And I think we 34 need to clear that up.

35 >> ROBERSON: So I will take an example. I think I personally agree that the staff is trying 36 to read our votes to determine how to scope out their work. And we need to distinguish 37 between the two of them. And we talked a little bit about it before on reporting 38 requirements or you can take transportation, you can take atomic weapons safety, you can take anything. When it comes to making a decision individually and we take into account all the 39 facts, for instance, you may say, I don't think there is a need for reporting requirement. That 40 41 doesn't mean that staff shouldn't propose it if that's what they think they need to do. 42 So I think we need to draw a distinction between the staff scoping out their work and them 43 trying to read our vote to determine what jurisdictional positions we're taking. I think that's

44 what you are saying. 1 >> SANTOS: That's accurate.

2 >> HAMILTON: And I guess I'm struggling with, that doesn't seem that hard.

3 >> SANTOS: But we haven't done it. The staff realize on our vote sheets to try to figure
4 this out. I know it's creating a lot of confusion and we should help clear that up. That's my
5 perception.

6 >> CONNERY: So I don't necessarily disagree that the staff is trying to -- often tries to 7 read where it thinks the Board is trying to go so that it doesn't go down a path that we don't want them to. Again, I think the solution to that is not to prescribe a box within which they 8 9 should work but through the work process and through strategic planning and communications, if we indicate to the staff where we place value, I think that's where the -- where the difference 10 will be made. And in the review plans, we have an understanding of where they are going. 11 12 have no issues with them looking at transportation. I have no issues with them looking at 13 nonnuclear things. It's what the Board speaks on that's within our jurisdiction that the Atomic 14 Energy Act does not restrict what it is the staff can do in terms of reviews. And if we get 15 push-back from the department, I think we have to handle that on a case-by-case basis. But the issue -- I think you are right, we have to communicate it. But I don't see us having 16 17 an abstract conversation about, you know, transportation security for transportation security

sake. I think it's dependent on the work plan as a whole and what we are prioritizing in terms
of where our resources should be spent.

>> SANTOS: So I agree. So our communication, I'm open to many different ways. The
 work plan could be a good discussion. Maybe we can tie it to that process. Because later on,
 we are going to talk about the work plan and how we need to approve that whole process.

23 >> ROBERSON: No. I was going to say, I don't think this is complicated. But we haven't
 24 done it.

25 >> SANTOS: Correct.

>> ROBERSON: And there was a lot of effort put into this area into the NAPA report. So
whatever the simplistic way to disposition it, I'm game for that. But we do need to clear it up.
And I agree with you. I'm not sure just for same of saying something is in or out without
looking at the specifics. But I don't want the staff scoping their efforts out assuming that. So
I just think we need to clear it up.

>> CONNERY: Understood. And I do want to make a distinction of that there is two pieces 31 32 here. One is one is within the board's jurisdiction to give advice to the secretary, which topics 33 are those. The other issue is what are statutory tools and how do we use them. I think 34 that's also throughout the NAPA report. I think there is not perfect alignment on that. And 35 honestly, I think that is a subjective decision on the part of the each Board member as to 36 whether or not they think they are going to get the best safety outcome from utilizing reporting 37 requirement or recommendation of pretty clear nebulous threshold of adequate protection. 38 But there are, you know, whether or not a hearing is the best and most efficient way of getting to a particular outcome. So I think it's -- I think those things are much more subjective than 39 the issues of where --40 41 >> HAMILTON: Let me run this up the flagpole and see if I can get a solution. Would you

41 >> HAMILTON: Let me run this up the happole and see in r can get a solution. Would you
 42 be willing to put together a one-pager for review of the Board that lists the issues that we think
 43 are the key ones that are -- that there is confusion about and let's -- that's do a board orange
 44 folder process on this?

>> SANTOS: I will do that. As a starting process, I goal is to bring stability and make sure
 we come up with a way to clear this up. So I'll take that lead.

3 >> HAMILTON: Okay. Thank you. Ms. Roberson?

SROBERSON: Only thing I was going to add is an -- in alignment with that, true -- and each issue is kind of discretionary decision by each Board member. I just want to make sure we've remembered we've tasked the technical director to develop a policy on like a reporting requirement. So we need to make sure we wrap that in, recreate that one again. And may be things that working with Mr. Santos, the technical director should do and some of these others too.

>> HAMILTON: When I read this particularly one, maybe I'm wrongly tying it to 140.1, but I
 thought these were 140.1 issues.

>> SANTOS: No, I went broader down 140. I -- we got through that. One parentheses,
 and I think it's tied to some of your opening remarks, I mean, the way I see these first few
 meetings, this is us, the Board talking amongst ourselves. I clearly see actions and roles for
 the staff to help with some of this recommendations. And this one might be something that I
 can see staff participation. I'm just taking the first draft of it.

17 >> HAMILTON: Thank you. We will get the moving and will probably have to be adjusted
18 as we go through the process. All right. You're good with number three there?

19 >> SANTOS: Yes.

20 >> HAMILTON: Okay. Ms. Roberson.

21 >> ROBERSON: So I'm not going to go through the matrix. So recommendation four is 22 foster deliberation and teamwork. And there are four -- I took and I cited these the last time. 23 Kind of four primary pieces to this recommendation. The recommendation for more genuine 24 deliberations which is, as I said before, equals more public meetings like we are having today. 25 Second one is to reform the notational voting process. And each of these recommendations 26 has a volume of information contained in the full report that, you know, we learn from. lt's not just the words offer recommendation. Reform the notational voting process. This would 27 28 include reforming the correspondence process to reduce or eliminate the practice of using staff 29 to negotiate between Board members. And the third recommendation was to simplify and modernize the notational vote posting process to accentuate to the decisions of the board 30 rather than individualism. 31

32 So I've discussed proposals and each of these regarding these recommendations with each Board member and I also provided relevant information regarding how another board or 33 34 commission has established and organized discipline and routine approach to the conduct of 35 their business including public business meetings. Based on those discussions of all Board 36 members, I do not believe there is adequate Board member support at this time to submit and 37 consider a specific proposal that would be assured of success for execution. I also do not 38 believe the Board currently has necessary infrastructure in place to properly execute the 39 recommended changes. 40 Establishment of a designated correspondent's manager that can execute, oversee, and manage the process voting and correspondence process and the changes highlighted by NAPA 41

42 and some specific changes I would propose to the Board must be considered in conjunction

43 with the establishment of an executive correspondence manager and an executive director of

44 operations.

I do plan to discuss specific proposals with office director in advance as well. And I hope 1 2 to do that before our next public business meeting. And subsequently based on progress and 3 filling the two key positions I cited, I would be to propose specific actions to respond to 4 recommendation for for the consideration of the full Board. So those are those three. 5 There was a second -- I guess a fourth part or second major part which is the teamwork 6 among the board members. The last element of recommendations for centers on Board's 7 members commitment and ability to work more as a team to advance the efficiency of agency's 8 execution of the mission, I provided a potential code of conduct for Board member 9 consideration at the last public meeting. The Board is engaged in a team building process that hopefully will yield a sheer code of conduct between Board members and I'm hoping that we 10 11 can achieve that notionally within the next 60 days. 12 >> HAMILTON: Just for clarity. The part that you don't think is currently we don't have 13 consensus on is what specifically? 14 >> ROBERSON: Specific changes to the correspondence process and notational voting 15 process. I don't think we're prepared to make decisions on that today. >> HAMILTON: Okay. That's a little bit different than saying we don't have consensus on 16 17 it. We don't know where we are headed on this. We don't have a proposal that we're not 18 consenting on. >> ROBERSON: What I'm saying is I think everybody knows consent is -- wants it improved. 19 20 What the fix it. I don't want to propose something that layers on to something that's already 21 been problematic. I don't think we have infrastructure in place to execute a different 22 approach to either of those. 23 >> HAMILTON: So we are going to keep the status of these the same then? 24 >> ROBERSON: I would. 25 >> HAMILTON: Tabled for further discussion. 26 >> ROBERSON: Yes. >> SANTOS: I agree with that observation. Many have tried and many have failed. So I 27 hope we continue to look at the lessons learned because everybody having complaints and 28 29 issues with correspondence systems. There is many efforts of staff led efforts and Board member led efforts and none of them brought fruit. I agree with your observation. I think 30 we got to be careful because now we are going to face the same outcome. We need to do 31 32 this correctly. I agree, we are not there yet, but we need to engage and leverage some of the 33 lessons learned from the previous efforts. 34 >> CONNERY: So to me the challenges are orange folder process are symptomatic. Those 35 are just symptoms of underlying challenges with communications amongst Board members. 36 And we had a couple of recent successes on documents whereby we have gone around the 37 original folder process and engaged in direct negotiations on specific issues in order to 38 accommodate people's needs and obviate the need for the -- folder which is amendment process which is for people not into our color-coding. 39 I think while I agree we are not ripe for the particular solution set, but we also have to look 40 at the evolution of how we are interacting amongst ourselves to inform that, not only lessons 41 42 learned about things didn't fail before because of underlying causes not necessarily because we 43 had a different way of doing it. The other thing I would like to do prior to working on that is

44 have an understanding of the first principles of where we got to the original folder process.

Because that didn't exist, you know -- that's a recent manifestation of some other challenges 1 2 that the -- previous Boards had and we inherited that process. So understanding what the 3 needs are, what do you need from the staff in order to be able to do your work as a Board 4 member to make -- to draw your conclusions? What do you need in terms of contact with each other -- each Board member in order to work toward a more consensus document? And 5 6 then whether or not we need the amendment process and is that simply a fire break? We 7 couldn't get to consensus, so we have to have an amendment process so that a particular Board 8 member feels that he or she is heard because we get to the notation piece. 9 I think we allowed the system to kind of take over all the hard work for us to get to a solution set. I was talking to Ms. Roberson earlier about the fact that one of our jobs is to take 10 the staff product and then determine how best to communicate that to the department. And 11

that's a collective duty. It's not an individual duty. It's a Board duty. And where we have fallen apart, we have done it and said this is my opinion how it should go versus this is someone else's opinion how it should go. We will see where the chips fall when we go to the voting process.

And I think if we are more deliberate about how we get there, not to say that we could completely eliminate the folder process, but we may be able to move in that direction.

NOBERSON: No, no, no. Thank you for that. And as I've said, I've talked to you and
 other two Board members. I think you know where I am. I'm a fan that we have layered on
 based on individual Board member needs and personalities and I'm a fan of stripping away that.
 The one -- and I agree with every thing you said. One thing we also need to keep in mind is,

22 whatever the system is, it needs to be sustainable regardless to who the board members are.

23 The history or the record behind why we may take a different position on something than what

is actually proposed, that's why I'm focused on we need to have the infrastructure in place
 combined with all the concerns expressed by you and other Board members. We can fix this
 system but will not sustain unless we have the appropriate infrastructure in place to do that.

27 >> HAMILTON: Well, I couldn't agree more that the Board procedures have become a major 28 reason for some of the problems that we're seeing. Ms. Roberson and I had a discussion a 29 couple of weeks ago, what happened in 2012 that caused our agency from going from number 30 one place to work to the number next to last place to work for small agencies. And one of the 31 things that she told me was, the implementation of Board procedures. And -- amongst others. 32 So I got to think that there is something in the way we are processing our correspondence at 33 the Board level that is driving all this behavior. And we need to strip this thing away and 34 for weath whethere the produced procedure for the behavior.

figure out what we do need and get rid of the rest of it. So I'm fully behind it. I just don't
know how to do it.

36 >> ROBERSON: Yay. That's me. We will -- everybody has submitted some really good
 37 commentary and some good ideas. And I think this is just one where we have to also engage
 38 our senior leadership because, again, sustainability and execution, we can create anything.
 39 But we got to be able to execute and sustain the execution. So I'll continue to work on it.
 40 But for now, I think it's -- and I'll also, as I said, have some discussions with our office directors.
 41 But I think we need the infrastructure before we start talking about specific corrections in that
 42 area.

43 >> HAMILTON: When you say infrastructure, you mean what?

44 >> ROBERSON: I mean that that infrastructure that will allow us to operate predictably and

responsibly and be able to sustain the approach. Rather it's not dependent on an individual's
personality. It is a part of the organizational infrastructure. And regardless to who the
Board members are or who the managers are is going to continue to function and be the haven
for decisions and why the Board made them. We need somebody to establish that kind of
infrastructure in my mind. Now, you guys may disagree, but I --

6 >> HAMILTON: You mean this is a person to lead this? Is that what you mean by7 infrastructure in part?

8 >> ROBERSON: As I ask said to you, Mr. Chairman, and other Board members. We need a
 9 correspondence manager. We need somebody who manages the Board's correspondence.
 10 We have the management of the staff correspondence. We don't have a manager for the
 11 Board process. And it's one of the driving concerns expressed in the NAPA report. What

12 happens is individual staff members end up in the middle of Board negotiations. I think we

13 need our own infrastructure to manage the process among the Board members.

>> HAMILTON: We're in the process right now of defining and advertising for the external
 affairs person. We had somebody in that position a couple of years ago. It's a vacant
 position right now. And we're in the process of we go through defining the job description of
 including in that job description a responsibility for managing the Board correspondence
 process. So is that going to scratch the itch that we need?

19 >> ROBERSON: I sure hope so. That's what I've been advocating. And I think it's
 20 necessary.

>> HAMILTON: Okay. I'm seeing three heads nodding. Okay. Okay. We will continue
 to pursue that one with urgency.

23 Okay. Mr. Santos?

>> SANTOS: One thing we talked about is to have some sort of timeline. I said I was going
 to take the lead for orange folder drafts. I can do that in the next two weeks so you can - >> HAMILTON: Okay. Thank you

26 >> HAMILTON: Okay. Thank you.

We finished -- this concludes our discussion of the prior items on our punch list. I think it's a little early for a break. What I'm going to suggest that we go ahead to the next item on the agenda which is going to be mine. And we discuss those. And then we can probably take a break after that.

So the first new agenda item is to discuss Recommendations 5, 6, 7 and 8. They are all under the super title, Enhancing Collaboration with Stakeholders. So Recommendation 5 is strengthen congressional engagement. Board members should enhance board reputation as source of expertise and excellence oversight of defense -- facilities increase the intensity and frequency of their meetings and outreach getting into new rhythm of communication with Congress to ensure is addressing nuclear safety concerns.

Okay. We are in an actually in a good position right now to reboot this process because 37 38 right after the President's State of the Union Address, a budget will come out. Traditionally, we will go to our oversight committee and brief our plans for following fiscal year. So I see 39 that as an opportunity not only to do just that but also to kind of reset our relationship with 40 them. There is new members particularly of the staff that are involved. And so my intent is 41 42 to be pretty aggressive about that after the State of the Union to get that scheduled. And 43 then also including a couple of other topics in that briefing. And then finding a sense from 44 them on how frequently we want to come back during the year to discussion issues.

I think this is a good time to reboot that. My proposal is that we put that under the
 category of mine for action. Assigned to me for action. But I think we have a good path
 ahead. Ms. Connery?

So I agree with what you are saying. I think we have to think a little bit
 broader than our oversight committees. I believe we should make sure that we continue to
 maintain our relationships with the individual stakeholders -- in other words, things happen in
 places. Where there are defense nuclear facilities, the membership on the Hill and their staff
 say in Washington State or New Mexico where we have a relationship with that staff, I think
 that's important to maintain.

10 I would also suggest that when we get to the point of hiring external affairs person, having professional staff go up. I also think that this is also -- this is a good place to talk about rules of 11 12 engagement. Because right now, we have -- each of us have personal relationships with 13 certain members on the Hill. I think it's important particularly with 140 and other challenges 14 we have to present a unified front when it comes to conversations in the Hill. It was -- been 15 past practice that Board members would go up in twosies or fouries when presenting to the Hill. I think that's still a good idea. I think we also need to make sure we empower the staff 16 17 to have conversation without being too prescriptive just about their observations without 18 drawing conclusions that the Board has said anything about it. But a lot of times staffers just want to get educated about the facilities that are in their states. And I believe our staff is 19 20 perfectly capable of having those conversations with those stakeholders. And I think it's important to make sure that the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board is one of the go to 21 22 places where those staffers go to engage.

I also think we need to bump up our game a little bit and start having face time with some
members about some of our issues and challenges and not be content to have conversations
with staff.

26 >> HAMILTON: Let me ask you a question because I -- when we are talking about going up in pairs, I've always been a little bit uncomfortable with that because I'm not sure that everybody 27 is getting a voice. And we do have differences. Let me offer you a counterproposal. And 28 29 that is that we do our best to go as a Board and recognize in the process and we can discussion this. It's just one I'm going to throw out here. Let's say that two of us view it one way and 30 one of us views it another one way and fourth one doesn't care. Which happens a lot. 31 32 Would it be beneficial to provide the majority view to whoever the audience is and offer a 33 minority opinion on it? I'm just -- I'm going to offer that thought.

>> CONNERY: Yeah, I have no objection going up as a group. I just says that twosies
 because not everyone likes to go up to the Hill. If four Board members wants to go up to the
 Hill, that's fantastic. It takes two of us instead of one. That's the only difference. I want to
 make sure that when we have those interactions that it's just not one Board member with Hill
 staff or with a member without a member of the professional staff and/or other Board
 members just for the transparency sake. Because I think it protects that - >> HAMILTON: I see what you are saying. But what I'm specifically talking about is

40 >> Fixing about is
 41 opportunity to brief something where there is a minority view. Is that something that we
 42 should stay away from or is that something that we should do?

43 >> ROBERSON: Well, in that all of us are -- have minority view on some things some times, I
 44 think we should distinguish between communicating just the facts and communicating on

decisions of the Board. I absolutely have no problem when we do meet with -- which would 1 2 be primarily staff members sometimes hopefully that we shouldn't hide the ball. I mean, we 3 post our opinions. So I don't think it's riding the ball. I just -- I think the overriding decision 4 of the Board should be the overriding communication. That's all that I'm saying. I don't have any problem making it clear when there is a minority opinion. And NAPA had some 5 6 recommendations to that which I like which I'm sure we will get back around to as well too. 7 But I think the goal is for at least in my mind should be for me to be able to say, the Board 8 wasn't unanimous on this. I'm just saying, I don't think it takes all of us in every 9 communication. And we should distinguish between when we're communicating the facts and when the Board has made a decision on an action which won't necessarily be the majority 10 11 of the time in my mind. 12 >> HAMILTON: I appreciate that. And I agree and I appreciate the fact that you're saying, well, you know, sometimes when there is a decision of the Board and there is a minority 13 14 opinion, the minority opinion out to be heard. Recognize that, hey, it wasn't a unanimous

15 agreement on the Board. Okay.

So we'll muddle through that a little bit to see if we can figure out a way to do it. Bringing on an external affairs and correspondence management person is, I think, the long-term solution to this. But hiring sometimes takes longer -- always takes longer than you want. I'm not going to wait to get that person on board to start this next cycle of outreach.

>> ROBERSON: Can I add one more comment, Mr. Hamilton? As a Board member, I
 actually would feel better than having to communicate if I disagree with the position that the
 rest of you took myself than to have one of you communicate that. Because what that means
 is that we're actually communicating, you know. If you can say, well, we have one dissenting
 opinion and here is why, I think that will engender more confidence than if we're just talking at
 somebody.

26 >> HAMILTON: Yeah, I understand what you are saying. Yep.

27 Okay. Recommendation number 5 -- I'm sorry. You are not finished.

28 >> CONNERY: I was going to say. I'm happy to provide a list of people who I think we
 29 ought to go -- whose doors we ought to knock on and work with you with general management
 30 to make that happen prior to hiring of fictitious person number six or whomever it is.

>> HAMILTON: Recommendation number 5 is assigned to me. And it is ongoing and not
 closed. It's on -- what do we call it? Assigned for further action to me. Mr. Santos?
 >> SANTOS: Yeah. I agree that we should be more active than passive and reset. And I
 know you are going to take some actions before we hire. But if we can have some sort of
 notional plan for all the different committees and members for the next, let's say, six months,

36 that would be very helpful to me.

37 >> HAMILTON: Recommendation number 6 is very similar. Bolster engagement with 38 Department of Energy leaders, Board members should restart the Board's relationship with key DOE leaders who share nuclear safety oversight. Board as an entire group should hold 39 summits and meetings with top leaders of DOE including the Secretary and Deputy Secretary. 40 Now, I see this recommendation is kind of a -- part of it is things that we can do and part of it is 41 things we will have to offer. But can't force. So my view of this is part of this, we are already 42 43 doing by our informal discussions with the senior leadership in the DOE. And I'll continue to push that. But I'm offering any -- I'm looking for any ideas on this one. 44

>> ROBERSON: Well, I mean, there are a couple of these. I'm going to say the same thing
 about. I'm not sure what restart means. If restart means the full Board having sessions, we
 have talked about that as it relates to head of NSA and head of EEM. Hopefully those will
 continue and will bear fruit as the Board has done those for years, probably decades.

5 >> HAMILTON: And I think that is because NAPA didn't realize we were doing that. Maybe
 6 part of that is failure to recognize we already had something like that going on.

>> ROBERSON: Well, and it has waffled over the years. It's -- there have been cases where
it wasn't as strongly desired on either side. And so I think putting emphasis back on those is
probably a good point. I'll just end it there.

>> SANTOS: I think more communication is always better. I'm afraid we are heading in the 10 opposite direction. And we should look for opportunities to look for more communications 11 12 with the key leaders. I understand the periodics. I think that's helpful. I don't think that's sufficient in my opinion. We should look for other opportunities. I wouldn't look to cancel, 13 14 but maybe as part of draft recommendation process, we typically get feedback. Maybe we 15 can take that as an opportunity to have more personal engagement with some of the leaders so that we can explain some of our -- I understand their feedback on a more personal level. But 16 17 throwing letters back and forth, it's just not going to work. I'm not happy how 140 things is 18 leading us to less communications. I'm very open and look forward to opportunity to 19 communicate.

And I think it starts with the Chairman. I think you are serving as a spokesperson of the agency. You should be more active in your talking to Secretary Perry, Deputy Secretary and others to make sure we keep them abreast of our work.

>> ROBERSON: I was just going to say, I agree with that. I think for it to be helpful, it has to
 not just meaningful to us but meaningful to them. But I would say in our formal processes, we
 need to make sure that we remember that the sun must shine. So when comes to
 recommendations, we have to make sure that we work with legal and that that process is
 captured in the right legal framework.

The other thing that I would say is, we probably need to work better at making sure we all know what each other is communicating. I don't think we're very good at that. We are all individuals. We all have individual opinions. But when it comes to the Agency's business, we should know what the message is.

>> SANTOS: So to that point, I, again, you are the spokesperson. I know you are having
 some discussion -- some sort of summary or high level of whatever the discussions are will go a
 long way to keep us informed and be a lot more strong communication. So I agree with your
 point.

36 >> HAMILTON: So I'm going to hold this open. This is mine for -- oh, I'm sorry. Go ahead. 37 >> CONNERY: Sorry. I agree we need a little bit more transparency when one of the Board members or the Chairman is meeting with the Secretary or Deputy Secretary or one of the dash 38 ones. It should be apparent to all of the board members just so that there is no suspicion or 39 bad feeling that comes out of it after the fact and obviously unification message. I was 40 actually intrigued by this whole idea of a summit which I think everyone snickered at when they 41 42 read it. Aside from the silly word, I think it would probably -- and it's probably not for now 43 and probably something that when the staff gets engaged that we should consider is we had NA50 come over and talk about their new philosophy or their new charge when it comes to 44

nuclear safety. I think having those dialogues at staff and Board level about the issues of 1 2 nuclear safety in general and approaches to it is crucially important. That's something that we 3 can do, you know, in a meeting format -- doesn't have to be, you know, how we normally do it. 4 Or it's -- we could consider something a little bit more public where we actually talk about views about how to approach nuclear safety. But we have been out, I think, as an agency, out 5 of the habit of engaging on that broad topic in public for with our counterparts at DOE and with 6 7 other safety agencies. And I think it would behoove us to kind of move back in and recognize 8 that amongst our staff, we do have significant expertise in this area. And we should be 9 exchanging views on the topic in general and not just on particular letters that get sent back and forth to Dan's point. 10

>> HAMILTON: Okay. I've got a distraction. Let's keep going with the recommendation 7
 which is to engage with public interest groups. It's kind of curious, it says Board members
 should continue their practice for holding annual hearing for interest groups. I'm not aware of
 we have a practice of holding annual hearing for interest groups. We just have had hearings.
 And public interest groups have been encouraged to join and make statements. But I don't
 know that we've had a practice of an annual hearing.

17 >> ROBERSON: I'm not aware of that in the life of the Board.

18 >> HAMILTON: Is this something we should do?

19 >> SANTOS: I mean, we get briefed by special interest groups and they get posted on our 20 website. And some of the groups come periodically. So maybe they meant briefings instead of hearing. I'm not aware of a hearing. I do feel though that I think just similar to strength 21 and congressional engagement, we should also strengthen approach to other groups especially 22 23 like to your point. Near the -- nuclear facilities. Their local governments. Local 24 communities. We are not doing a good enough of a job of informing what are we doing, what 25 are the value of what we are doing of some of the things. I think we have to include whether part of new hire or new duties, but also collectively, not just congressional engagement but call 26 local governments and local community engagement. As well as other interest groups. 27

How to go about that? There is many ways we could do it. And they can range from periodic public meetings add each site or we discuss the oversight of activities of the Board and the findings and we provide an opportunity for public comment. We can have meetings with some of those community and governments. We're just not doing that. And we got to be doing some more of that. That's just my opinion.

33 >> HAMILTON: Anybody else? I'm trying to get my arms around what we really want to do
 34 here. Because it's kind of squishy right now in my head.

35 >> CONNERY: I agree with Dan that we should explore some of those ideas. So maybe the
 36 tasker is when we get someone from external affairs on board we sit down and have a

37 conversation about those kind of bigger ticket items. I think small, easy wins whenever we go

38 out to sites, individually Board members should make the commitment to make themselves

available to public interest groups and to local governments. I think that is also the direction
 that probably needs to be provided to the staff to make sure that we have the contact folks so

41 that they get in the habit of doing it when we go out to sites.

SANTOS: So maybe we are crunched for time. But we have an upcoming public hearing
 at Albuquerque. Maybe that's an opportunity for small win and maybe intentionally reach out
 to some of the local governments and some of the groups and probably offer them the ability

to come talk to the Board prior to the meeting or during the meeting. But actually take thatstep. I'm just floating ideas.

3 >> ROBERSON: I think that's a good idea. Not just because you came up with it, Mr. 4 Santos. But because we actually have letters from citizen's groups asking us to do that as well too. So I think the practice -- not aware of an annual hearing, but the Board -- and I think it 5 6 was a best practice for the Board was to make sure it gave adequate notice to whether it's local 7 government officials or citizen's groups when not just individual trips but if, for instance, there 8 is a hearing at -- that there is an opportunity afforded in advance to also hear from those 9 stakeholders who have an interest as well. And I think we have kind of fallen off the wagon. We have not really maintained -- this is my word today -- the infrastructure to be consistent 10 and be predictable in doing that. And we need to reinvigorate. 11

12 >> HAMILTON: Okay. So what I'm hearing is unlike what the recommendation says, we 13 don't have a practice of holding annual hearings like this. And I'm not hearing an interest that 14 we start such a practice. Rather, what I'm hearing is, we should reinvigorate what we've 15 already been doing, which is we are always open to having public interest groups come and visit with us here. We just had one last week, I guess, it was. We should be more rigorous about 16 17 making sure that public interest groups know that we're going to have an open session at the 18 end of a hearing for them to make statements. So we're doing those things, we just need to be more active and conscious about doing them. But we don't need to do an annual hearing. 19 20 >> CONNERY: I think it's in between that. I think it's not just reinvigorating what we've 21 already done. And when I say we, I they this Board, right? But it's not doing an annual 22 hearing for the interest groups. What we are not in the practice of doing is we are not in the 23 practice of meeting when we go out to sites consistently with public interest groups. We do it 24 here and there, but we don't do it consistently. We have not as a Board kind of put something 25 out there to say, we are going to be in Albuquerque having a hearing, but there are people that 26 maybe just want to present to the Board and not in a public hearing. So we could sit in a 27 room and have interest groups talk to us.

- 28 >> HAMILTON: You and I have done that in the past.
- 29 >> CONNERY: Yeah.
- 30 >> HAMILTON: Particularly our first year.

>> CONNERY: But I didn't hear you describe that piece of it in kind of your recap. We have
 but we -- it is not a matter of course and it was, I think, as an introduction to the site, not that
 every time you go to a site, you should make that happen.

34 >> HAMILTON: Okay. So is this a commitment by us to do that when we make trips? Is
 35 that what I'm -- is that the way we resolve this?

>> SANTOS: There is the individual aspect of it, which is, okay, if I'm going to go on a trip, I'm
 going to make an effort to make sure I accept an invitation and open willingness to meet with
 local government and special-interest groups. I can only speak for myself. Everyone can
 make their individual decisions. I think it would be a positive step in addition to when we
 have a formal Board trip like a hearing or a meeting to do the invitations and whether to speak
 at the meeting or outside of the meeting.

42 What I'm also floating out there to think about is I probably want to take a little step 43 further, hey, maybe want to consider having not annual but periodic I think will be -- in the city, 44 years, months, whatever, to have meetings at each defense nuclear facilities or hearings where we describe the work of the Board and allow the local communities and governments to come
 ask questions of our work. So that's a step that we have not done. That's taking it a step
 further. I'm supportive of that. Just an idea to float out.

SOUNTERY: You mean like a public meeting? I at hearings seems like we ask questions - SANTOS: Correct. It's like a forum. Will have to be a meeting. It's like say - CONNERY: Like do a deep dive.

6

>> SANTOS: Yeah, it's like a deep dive where we go to 12, we describe a work done a
resident or work done by staff. We hear from contractor, we hear from special-interest
group. We have an opportunity to meet with local governments. We just more proactive in
our communications. And we do that periodically through, you know, the sites. I don't need
decision time or anything like that. I'm just throwing out an idea that I think should be
considered as you go through acting on this recommendation.

13 >> HAMILTON: Yes.

14 >> ROBERSON: Yes. So I agree with that. I wouldn't even put that in the hearing 15 meeting. I would say a Board briefing. And doesn't have to be the Board actually. I think 16 there is value to doing that. I think we have had a significant turnover in staff whereas it's just 17 at a couple of our sites now. We have resident inspectors that have been long-term resident 18 inspectors and are known by the local -- whether it's elected officials or citizen groups who to 19 call. I think we could benefit from making, raising a profile a little bit at all the sites in the 20 field.

21 >> CONNERY: I agree with that. And maybe that's something that we look at in terms of 22 performance plans of resident inspectors as outreach is part of your performance plan. 23 Probably is already. I'm not entirely sure of that. One thing I would caution with the kind of 24 idea of the periodically going out to a site and doing a deep live like that, is I think it's a fantastic 25 idea. What I'm worried about that at this point in time with the number of staff we have and the number of initiatives that we're taking, we don't want that -- that's an important aspect of 26 our work. We can't let that overshadow the actual work that gets done in terms of reviews 27 28 and what have you.

I just think we need to be conscious of how much we bite off and how many staff we haveto chew on particular initiatives.

>> HAMILTON: Let me offer this. I'm trying to put -- we got a bunch of ideas floating 31 around here. But I haven't got a concrete thing to do. So let me offer this. 32 Maybe we should put together a schedule site by site where -- you know, we have not been as rigorous in 33 34 the past year about Board member site visits as we have maybe in the past. Maybe that's the 35 key to doing this is getting -- and I asked the technical director to put together a calendar year 36 19 schedule. Maybe we out to tie it to that set of visits so that for each one of those that we 37 schedule and be more rigorous and make sure we get every one covered during this year, that 38 we include in that a visit to the local interest groups.

39 >> ROBERSON: No disagreement. But I also think we out to take advantage. One thing 40 that we did used to do is ECA hosts all come once a week or more or whatever, we used to take 41 that as an opportunity to tell them what the Board is focused on. I think they usually have 42 that here. All that I'm saying is, their specific activities that we could consider is not just when 43 we go out. We should look for those forums where we can communicate what priorities we 44 have and hear back from people as well too.

>> SANTOS: I think it's a good start what you describe. And that gives us more concrete 1 2 things about it. To address Ms. Connery's concern, I like the idea of -- Ms. Roberson, maybe 3 we start with briefing where we are just informing the work we already doing as opposed to 4 creating much more work or involvement that is involved with having a hearing or a meeting. I think we can tailor it at appropriate sites to your concerns. I agree that there are other 5 6 forums and other places. You are going to give a talk coming up. You do talks. There is 7 forums. There is places we can give speeches. Our forums we can attend. Hopefully 8 through new hire, external affairs, we can have a clear identification of all of those examine put 9 as part of our plans.

>> HAMILTON: I've got this for action. I'm not going to continue our practice of holding 10 But I am going to include in the plan of the year for staff annual hearings that we don't have. 11 12 as it's that we -- whoever goes to each of these sites reaches out to local community. And I'm 13 going to look for opportunities that Mr. Santos just described such as ECA annual event where 14 we can present a -- make a presentation of things we are working on. So I've got that. The last one, Recommendation 8 is not for us. It's for the Department of Energy and it's to 15 respond positively to efforts of the DNFSB to enhance engagement. The Board's ability to 16 carry out its mission would be greatly facilitated by DOE's full level support in kind. And there 17 is -- it goes quite on more in detail here. This is an action item for the DOE and the only thing 18 19 I'm going to do with this is ensure that departmental representative knows that it exists. And 20 I'm going to consider that -- there is not an action for us. Anybody have any comments on 21 this?

>> SANTOS: I think we cover a little bit on recommendation 6. I mean, it takes two to
 communicate. Right. So we need that continued dialogue and we need to continue to
 remain open to a productive dialogue.

>> HAMILTON: Okay. Well that one is mine for action to make sure that -- that's the
 second part of the dialogue. That's their side, kind of goes hand and glove with
 recommendation 6. We are going to take a bio break. So we will break for, let's say, ten

28 minutes and we will restart at 11:25 by that clock right there. Thank you.

29 (10-minute break taken.)

30 >> HAMILTON: All right. We are reconvening. And we're going to go to
 31 Recommendation number 9 led by Ms. Connery.

>> CONNERY: So this will be very quick because Recommendation 9 says prioritize strategic 32 planning and strategic goals which I believe that Board members around the table have already 33 34 committed to. I do want to mention a few things that it says specifically. One mention that 35 the NAPA recommendation makes is to ensure that sufficient staff members are focused on 36 strategic planning. My hope and intention when we engage with the outside parties is to, 37 again, kind of spread this out over time. One of the challenges that I mentioned before and 38 some of the other initiatives that it is taking, that it is difficult with the size of our staff to maintain the appropriate level of oversight to do our mission and engage in these activities to 39 refocus the agency where it needs to be focused. And this was a challenge I found with the 40 41 NAPA report where it says we have fewer documents out. And yet at the same time, we have to do all of this work. 42

43 So recognizing that we have a finite staff, I think that we have to take that into

44 consideration whenever proposing new activities and obviously the mission takes primacy.

But I think that the strategic plan has to be of equal primacy in order to understand where we are going to go in the future. So my request to the Board is to be patient and to put that emphasis where it needs to be. Obviously resources will be redirected in the event of any kind of emerging activity as it always is. It also mentions the tapping of senior level nuclear safety expert to report directly to the chair and have a dotted line relationship with a new executive director of operations.

7 Again, I don't think we need to go into the infrastructure at this point in time. But I do 8 think that we have to recognize that the board has to signal that this is important to it by 9 allowing senior staff who are going to be working on it, the time to put the effort into it. Again, the reporting doesn't really hurt my head. This is not an area where you were 10 necessarily leading at this point in time. Although, if you would like to hand it off to you at 11 12 any point, I'm happy to do so. But I commitment from the Chair is going to be extremely 13 important at the time when we get this rolling to signal to the staff that this is not a -- again, 14 not a check the box item that we are doing because NAPA told us to. But it is something that 15 we are all going to invest time and energy in.

>> HAMILTON: And I will tell you right now that this is something that I fully support. The
 challenges we have had with strategic planning in the past have not been areas of

18 disagreements of commission. They have been of omission. Just that we haven't been as 19 rigorous. I appreciated your work last year trying to get this thing going. I do fully support

the initiative -- and we just need to get some rubber traction on the ground and make it
 happen.

22 >> ROBERSON: As you said, we spoke of this earlier. I support it. We should move on.
 23 I'm willing to pitch in, help, do whatever. I am 100% supportive.

24 >> SANTOS: Same here.

>> HAMILTON: Okay. So number 9, prioritize strategic planning of strategic goals.
Ms. Connery has got the lead and more action to follow. All part of the strategic planning
process. Item number 10, maintain a unified agenda. And item number 10 is going to be led
by Mr. Santos.

29 >> SANTOS: Like you recognize in your opening statements, there are several recommendations that are related. We are just going to go through them and look at them 30 again. We have to step back and look at it. I think I'm going to do 10 and 11. And while 31 I'm going to break them down so we can have a discussion, some of the issues underline the 32 33 recommendations. I think they have common threats to them. And as we work to address 34 those common areas, I think we will be also taking care of, like, some of these 35 recommendations. So when it comes to 10, 11, I think we are going to talk about 12 -- I think 36 as we come up with new infrastructure, whether it's a new -- for example, as we look at ways to 37 improve our clear and periodic and more open two-way communications with the staff. As 38 we communicate better expectations regarding the standards of work, the quality that we expect from the work of the staff and also responsibilities, go a long way to address some of 39 this. That's my analysis. Having said that, we will go through each one and break them 40 41 down. 42 So 10. Board members shall ensure that all staff conducted reviews are of the highest

42 So 10. Board members shall ensure that all staff conducted reviews are of the highest
 43 quality. Absolutely. I consider that part of my primary role. And I know you all make sure
 44 that collective agency product are of the highest quality and technical integrity before they

leave this agency. But right now, we are relying too heavily on the folder process. In some 1 2 cases, we are not satisfied like with quality. We just simply vote it down and call the the end 3 of the road and we are missing a great opportunity to have more dialogue and understanding of 4 what are our expectations of what is additional work that needs to be done. It comes down to, we need to improve our communications with staff. We need to do a better job of 5 6 communicating our expectations regarding quality of work before we get to the end. My 7 hope is as we improve our communications and expectations, that could be addressed. I'm 8 confident that work that does go out is highest quality. Any comments? 9 I don't see any action outside. We need to tie this to improving our communications. 10 Improving our correspondence process so we can deal with that and continue to ensure

11 that -- go out as highest quality. Any comments?

12 >> CONNERY: I actually like the idea of looking at when a piece of correspondence fails 13 doing a little bit of an analysis as to why it failed. Sometimes it's going to fail because it's the 14 wrong vehicle. Sometimes it's going to fail because of other reasons. In the past when a 15 product has failed, a Board member champions to -- Board member would have to champion to put it into a different package. So it was potentially a potential recommendation and that 16 wasn't going to go forward so it became a tech report or goes out as info paper versus 17 reporting requirement or what have you. We have salved some work that way. I think you 18 19 are right. We have lost other work that should potentially be communicated to the Secretary 20 of Energy. I'm a full proponent of having -- interim before we fix a full to process. Perhaps 21 coming up with a way to address a failed product with the technical director and the Board to 22 determine whether or not that product could be rehabilitated or reworked or in some cases if 23 it's incomplete if there is another review that needs to take place for us to satisfy that it's a 24 complete piece of work for us to do that.

Because I think the failure particularly when -- which I think is why the notation of voting was helpful when not weaponized of his to tell the staff, I didn't vote for it. Not because it's not good work but for this reason. If they are voting something down and they don't know what the reason is, they are not ever going to be able to, A, learn what the issue was with it or fix that product. So I -- I think that there is an interim step that we could take there. I will stop for now and get reaction to that.

>> ROBERSON: I'm good with it. Yeah. I think there is something and I also think it's a
 check on both what the staff communicated and our understanding what was received too. I
 agree. I think sometimes things go down and they should get a second chance and they don't
 do it. So I'm in support of it.

35 >> HAMILTON: This is a good opportunity to -- it's a little sidebar of discussion. But I think 36 it's a good opportunity to have it. This recommendation says unified Board work plan. We 37 don't have a -- what's that? Am I stealing your thunder -- you want to -- okay. This is 38 actually a sidebar. So I don't think it will steal your thunder. There are at least three occasions in the last year where I have done something as chief executive in the absence of a 39 Board direction. The 2020 budget submittal, the OTD work plan for 2019 and the 40 performance metrics which were early on last year. The performance metrics thing. 41 Yeah. I'm sorry? The part that goes with the par. And my view on these sorts of things as 42 43 compared to staff products just don't go forward. My view on these sorts of things is that these sorts of things are necessary for the railroad to keep running. I will do what the Board 44

wants to do. The law says the Chairman shall be the chief executive subject to such policies as the Board enacts or makes. So I will always do what the Board wants to do. But if the Board chooses not to act which is a failed vote, then I still have to submit the budget. So I will do the best I can to try to discern the right answer. It's not because I'm trying to take power, it's that I've got to keep the railroad running. When that happens, it puts me in a little bit of a bad spot. I'm having to go out there and doing something on my own. And I don't like being -- doing that.

8 I just want to clear the air with everybody. We've talked about this before. And 9 everybody knows those three cases. But I'm more than willing to go back and bring this 10 particular case, the work plan, go back and let's get it right if it's not right. But I can't get the 11 budget right because it was due. And the train has already gone down the track. That's 12 what I'm doing on those things. Mr. Santos.

13 >> SANTOS: So you derailed me. Okay. And I was going to bring this up on 14 Recommendation 11. But it's a good point. I appreciate the open discussion. For me, we just need additional dialogue and communications. I had communicated, for example, some 15 of the reasons of some of the issues I had with the documents but there was no additional 16 dialogue or process for which I could find a way to move forward. And then she just moved 17 forward. So I understand what you are saying. I think we have work to do. I look forward 18 19 for team building activities and ways to improve that. We need more communications to 20 make sure that every Board member is heard and their needs are addressed. Which just 21 wasn't the case.

>> HAMILTON: And I don't disagree with any of that. This kind of goes back to -- I think the
 point you are making is, acting more like a team and we've got to work on that more.

>> ROBERSON: The only thing I'd add is -- and you correctly characterized our conversation
in the past -- is we also -- like there is no reason we can't be in a position where we are
discussing what our next proposed budget is no matter when it is. And so I think sometimes it
feels like things are pushed to the end to run over the Board. Not you specifically. We need
to pull back and have a really schedule so that there is meaningful time left in the process for
Board member to Board member communication if they are to die for issues. That's what I
would say.

- 31 >> CONNERY: But my point was about staff product, not necessary --
- 32 >> HAMILTON: It's a different topic.
- 33 >> CONNERY: Okay.
- 34 >> HAMILTON: That's why I said it was a sidebar issue.
- 35 >> CONNERY: I wanted to clarify.
- 36 >> HAMILTON: I wanted to use the opportunity to clear the air.

37 >> CONNERY: But where there is overlap is the issue of when something fails by vote, that should not be the last conversation about it. And I think that's where the process fell apart for 38 the budget. I supported the work plan. So that wasn't my issue. I think that good faith 39 effort -- and this unfortunately lands on your shoulders because you are the Chairman -- good 40 faith effort after a vote to go see what would it have taken to satisfy what you wanted and then 41 do that negotiation. And we've done that painstakingly on a couple of products recently. 42 43 And I've been the one trying to do that. And it's not easy or pretty. But I think we have to give our -- we have to give the importance of that weight and we have to take the time to do it 44

1 even if it's not necessarily palatable.

>> SANTOS: So I agree with you, Ms. Connery. And I like Ms. Roberson ask about
 infrastructure. And you ask -- we come up with new processes. I think this should be one to
 take into consideration. I think you should take it for lead, Mr. Chairman. You are in the
 best position of all of us to once a product by whether to staff or Board level fails that there is
 some sort of, you know, redress and understand why fail. Is there anything else needs to be
 done. Is it an issue of quality or completeness or what have you. So I think you should take
 this one for action.

9 >> HAMILTON: The orange folder appeal process. One of the things while we are on this 10 topic -- because this really is not the recommendation. While we are on this topic, it would be 11 helpful in going through one of these where there is a disagreement and a failure, it would be 12 helpful if there were amendments during the yellow folder so I would know what the problems 13 are. I know not everyone likes to do amendments. And I don't think this is probably not the 14 right time to deliberate on this one. But absent an amendment, I don't -- it gets to the blue 15 folder level and I don't know what the beef was until it fails.

Anyway, I will throw that out there. I'm a little concerned that we are getting away from Mr. Santos' tag items. I did derail it. That's my fault.

18 >> CONNERY: So I appreciating the fact that you are deviating from your number scheme 19 because I know that's challenging for you. I don't think the amendment is the solution. I 20 think that's what we are saying is that amendments are absence of communication, right? So 21 you are basically dropping a bomb on your other Board members or what was your record? 22 24 of them? That then they have to deal with individual form and entirety and that's 23 really -- part of the challenge is, what is it that is going to meet your needs. And it may not be 24 an amendment. There may be something behind it that needs to be explained further. But 25 unless you go and engage that Board member and find out the reason behind why they voted, 26 it might not be as simple as an amendment. Or their amendment could cause someone else 27 not to vote for it.

28 You have to understand the rationale behind that challenge that Board member had.

29 >> HAMILTON: Yeah. And I think you and I agree that amendments should not be surprise 30 bombs. But there are always going to be cases where a document gets to the yellow folder 31 process and I want happy and you want glad and I want puppy and you want small dog. And 32 that -- and we know it. We know it in advance that there is a gap between our view. That's 33 when the amendment process. That's what that is for. I couldn't agree with you more that 34 surprise amendments are not helpful. But that doesn't necessarily mean that amendments 35 are bad in their own right.

I got us off on this track. I would really like to keep going on.

37 >> ROBERSON: You sure you don't want to keep going down this track?

- 38 >> HAMILTON: Yeah.
- 39 >> ROBERSON: Yeah, okay.
- 40 >> HAMILTON: I really want to get back to where we were supposed to be.

SANTOS: Before we go back. I do think they should take a list for us action. We could
 have table to take the lead of when something is failed, do an assessment of that. I think you
 should lead that.

44 >> HAMILTON: That's not a recommendation in this punch list. But that's a fair request.

>> SANTOS: Thank you. It says, we are still on 10. Board members must then decide
 what significance to give to they are review findings and determine the appropriate course of
 action parenthesis recommendation process, reporting requirements for the DOE.

Two points on that. I agree that's one of the things I've been trying to champion. Have a
more predictable, more disciplined way where we can communicate the significance we give to
the different findings. So I see an aspect that should go and be part of this strategic planning.
As I mention and Ms. Connery talks and NAPA recognized, got to be a way to be more
predictable in communicating our strategic safety issues that affects the whole different
complex, which ones or more critical. Much like our risk approach to things.

But at the lower level, I think we are making more progress, we have to get more run time on it, when we issue policy statement 7 where the staff goes perform their reviews, they come up with what they consider potential safety items and they rank, you know, whether they think -- at different levels whether there is a recommendation or a requirement. And then they present their evidence, their independent technical analysis and then we make the final

15 determination whether there is a safety issue that we should carry forward.

Through that process, I think we are going to be more transparent in providing and deciding what significance to give to review findings and how we're acting. But I'm open to suggestions should you feel you need anything more than PS7 or some of the working to list strategic plan.

SCONNERY: I will take a little less of PS7. But that's just me. I think there is a point where we overly prescribe and the fact is that things don't necessarily meet -- fit into neat little boxes. So I understand that the desire. And I support the desire, but nothing -- I think we can get tripped up with Lexicon and miss the actual safety concerns just because we are in the process of labeling them. I'm just saying that's a good guideline and that's what to me the policy statement should be as high level guideline. But staff needs to be able to communicate their work in their way.

26 >> ROBERSON: I actually don't have any comments specific to what you just said. I think
 27 we have a recommendation a little bit later in the process about the extreme procedure writing
 28 that we have and I think all of these things are subject to future deliberations.

>> SANTOS: That's a good point and we need to talk about Board policies, high level and
 everything else that exists at staff level and how to really --

31 >> ROBERSON: Reengineer.

32 >> SANTOS: Right. From a high level, I want to say that I recognize and support that we
 33 need to be transparent and clear on how what significance we are giving to review findings. I
 34 think we are doing some of that. And we should continue to do that. I have no further
 35 action at this point.

36 >> HAMILTON: Okay. But this is not a closed item. This is on hold? This is number 10.

37 >> SANTOS: To me, the only aspect remaining are strategic planning. That will be an

aspect that looks at strategic safety issues of communication and other aspects of it will be tied
 to when we talk about relationship between policies and staff procedures.

40 >> CONNERY: Are you going to address the RFBAP of this or no.

41 >> SANTOS: I'm going to get to that.

42 >> HAMILTON: All right. What I'm --

43 >> SANTOS: No, I'm not done with 10. I'm going to go through each what I consider --

44 >> HAMILTON: Okay. So you are still working on 10.

1 >> SANTOS: Yes.

2 >> HAMILTON: So what I'm trying to do is help the General Counsel figure out how to make
 3 this into her spreadsheet.

4 >> SANTOS: So basically I have done -- we have done three subs. One, two and one that's
5 not really 10 but that you took for action.

6

>> HAMILTON: We are not including that one in here.

7 >> SANTOS: That's right. Anyone? Is it clear? Okay. Board members and Board staff 8 members shall work from a unified agenda work plan that implements the priorities on which 9 Board members choose to focus. We just kind of touch on that. We are not having success on that. We do not have an approved work plan. But I wholeheartedly agree that that 10 should be our goal. We must have an agenda that implements the priorities and which Board 11 12 members focus. We have a very bottom-up approach. We need to find a way to meet in the 13 middle. I don't think we have done a good enough job of providing very clear priorities as a 14 unified Board to this staff. More work to be done. And I look forward to kind of round two 15 of the work plan and see where we go.

>> HAMILTON: Is this coming back to what Ms. Connery has been talking about? Part of
 the flow from the strategic plan to these other plans?

>> SANTOS: It should. To me, it should. Then the issue with that would be the timing of
it. Because we are not ready -- so this might take a while until we get there. Ms. Connery,
any comments? Yeah.

21 Board members shall limit the use of additional RFBA tasking to address emergency 22 situations and emergency. I agree. I mean, we must empower the staff to continue to be 23 responsive to address all issues as they emerge and don't wait for the Board members to 24 necessarily initiate action. I think there is misalignments in sense of urgency and 25 expectations. And, again, I think we need to correct that through improved communications 26 with the staff. And recently, I think we are getting to a better way that we were several 27 months ago where some of the misalignments were being handles via RFBA as opposed to 28 more organic process.

The aspect is we look at whole voting process and whole correspondence could be addressed. I don't think we have such an issue right now that we just continue to use too much RFBA to direct, you know, big chunks of the work. I will take your perspectives.

32 >> ROBERSON: No. I'm going to wait until the next point.

>> CONNERY: I think RFBAs have been a source of contention between and amongst Board 33 34 members and between and amongst Board members and staff for a while. I would say that 35 the height of the RFBA -- I went back and looked at RFBAs and I would say that the height of the 36 RFBA wars would be a year ago, year and a half ago. In recent times, if you look at it, there 37 have been fewer RFBAs that were directed added work flow. And, again, the RFBA came 38 about because a Board member had a particular issue that he or she wanted to move forward and then put it to the Board to move forward. There may be other ways to deal with that 39 process and maybe if RFBA process is not the -- a good way because there is no real feedback 40 loop there, we have periodic reviews of the work plan in which the staff tells us what they are 41 42 doing and not doing and we can use that to realign the staff if timing coincides rather than 43 using an RFBA process. That's my preference.

44 >> HAMILTON: What I think I just heard you say and I agree with you, seems like there was a

peak of RFBA frequency a little over a year ago and last year subsided substantially. I don't 1 2 have the data to tell me what the numbers are. But anecdotally I think you are absolutely 3 right. Part of the challenge could be addressed through our code of conduct where we are 4 more rigorous about making sure that we have talked amongst each other before we submit an RFBA. I -- you know, there is a footnote in here about bringing back this requirement. I'm 5 6 not sure that I would want to revisit that, but I think that in a code of conduct area where we 7 have a soft agreement that we should try to work these things out amongst ourselves before 8 we submit our RFBAs, I think that would be very helpful. 9 I don't know why the RFBA frequency dropped off a year ago. It just did. Does anybody know? 10 11 >> ROBERSON: Oh. I don't know if it dropped off because of, you know, people throwing 12 their hands up out of desperation or ineffectual. I don't know. What I would say is the RFBA process, yellow folder process, amendment process all were born out of work member 13 14 frustration that they were not able to effect the path of the staff work. And I think they were 15 emblematic of the board not being able to communicate and work together. And so their sustainable need to me is a metric of how much progress we are or are not making. 16 17 >> HAMILTON: Wasn't it also a requirement that was driven by -- when we got the IG in 18 2012? 19 >> ROBERSON: No. Generation of procedures was a requirement when we got the IG.

But the development and refinement of this processes were in response of specific Board
 members concerns about their ability to shape their direction and priority of the work. Just

22 like the work plan was born out of that same time frame too. But I think they were voting

processes instituted because the collaborative and collegial process wasn't working as well itshould.

>> HAMILTON: So what I've just heard you say -- and this is very interesting -- is that the
 collegial and collaborative process broke down. A setup of procedures was put in place to
 address that breakdown. And then as new Board members -- the three of us

namely -- Santos, Connery and I came along, those Board procedures were in place and that's
just the way it was. Very interesting.

30 >> ROBERSON: That's correct.

>> CONNERY: So I think another aspect of the RFBA process again, I agree wholeheartedly 31 with Jessie, it's a breakdown in collegiality. It's the kind of the push and pull of the work plan. 32 I think the other -- I'm one of those people who thinks that work planning was overengineered 33 34 for a time period. It's gotten a little bit better. It's still a little bit overengineered because 35 you have to respond to emergent actions. I have no problem with using an RFBA to address 36 an emerging situation. But we shouldn't have to because with the communication between 37 the Board and the staff on our tech Tuesdays or what have you, there should be an indication 38 that that is an emergent issue and we are going to put staff resources on it. And to me, it should be up to the technical staff what resources to take off. 39 When the problems come about for me is the fact that we have a -- we have a collection of 40

41 very demanding Board members when it comes to information on specific technical issues.

42 And when that results in having to do on RFBA to do additional technical work, that pulls work

43 away from other prioritization. Then you have attention between the work plan that

everybody agrees to and needs of one or two Board members that have needs for more

information without the collective saying, yes, there is a need to address those issues. And,
therefore, you get frustrations with RFBAs or counter RFBAs on workforce. The smaller our
workforce against, there is going to be more tension there is on what Board members want
them to look at. In this case, size matters. And size of your staff matters when comes to
how you are going to prioritize the work products.

6 >> HAMILTON: The other thought on this because I think this is a very interesting discussion 7 is if collegiality broke down, resulted in creating processes and procedures that maintained the breakdown, even after personnel has changed, in the absence of those procedures, you are 8 9 really relying on the personalities of the Board members themselves. And we can't be 10 guaranteed that we are always going to have the great and reliable and friendly four Board members that we are for the future. I'm being cynical. But we are reliant on that if we don't 11 12 have those processes and procedures. I'm not sure it's a trap that we are getting out it. 13 >> CONNERY: But you are guaranteeing that you won't if you have those processes and 14 procedures in place. 15 >> HAMILTON: Well, maybe. But we -- you just said we had a real dearth of RFBAs over the years which I think is a healthy sign. 16

SCONNERY: But Jessie's point was that could be a healthy sign or could be a sign of
 dysfunction seeking to the point where people are not bothering to do RFBAs because they
 don't see them going forward.

20 >> ROBERSON: I think the -- and I think it's worth the focus and I don't know what form we 21 focus on. I would put this in the bucket with what I call notational voting and correspondence process. I understand what you are saying, every Board member should be able to shape 22 23 through some process of the agency. I think the consequences are significant because, once 24 again, you are right. It can be a self-fulfilling prophecy and we all heard it. Board member 25 can do an amendment or an RFBA. Does not not just contribute to collegiality among all of us. 26 But productive set of interactions between us and the staff. And so something needs to 27 change. That's all that I'm saying. I don't know what it is.

SANTOS: I agree change is needed and you can see how preface the whole thing with communications process and all of that. I have witnessed how every one of us have modified the approach to doing our work because of some of these issues. So I think some of the numbers going down is because -- we have found different ways to approach our work. Not necessarily that there is some great alignment or great communications happening. So more work to do. I just don't want us to get lost. That numbers going down equals things are good.

>> CONNERY: So I don't want to foreshadow number 12, we have had a couple of
 conversations about having an EDO. That only works in my view if all the Board members put
 their faith in that EDO and that the recruitment process for that person gets a top notch person
 in whom we all have considerable faith. There is no person I know who is going to want to
 operate at that level and be able -- feel like they actually can run their staff and their resources
 if they are subject to the whim of an RFBA a week. Not going to happen.

41 >> HAMILTON: RFBA a what?

42 >> CONNERY: A week.

43 >> HAMILTON: Oh, okay.

44 >> CONNERY: So while I understand that every Board member has to be heard, we need to

figure that out amongst ourselves. If the Board is going to support an EDO, I believe we have to support that person with the understanding that they are the ones that run the staff and the processes and we are very clear about what the expectations are of that person and how those processes are run and, sure, there might be emergency switches we put in there as with my case. But in the Board procedures allow for me as the EDO to have my plan derailed, you know, haphazardly, then I know I'm walking too a broken system and I don't think we are going to get the caliber of the person that we want in that position.

8 >> ROBERSON: You just derailed me.

9 >> CONNERY: Sorry.

10 >> ROBERSON: Listen, I agree. I do agree that we also have to be realistic that things occur as time passes on. And we have to have a better way of making sure -- because we are all 11 12 different. I mean, you can take the same problem and each one of us looks at that same problem differently. So we have to figure out how we are going to work amongst ourselves to 13 14 make sure that nobody gets left out. And I do agree with it. I think that's where this process 15 should be. It's actually through these defined processes which as I told Ms. Connery when we put some of them in place, my vote comment was, I'm willing to try. And then they -- because 16 some of these, we didn't put in place until '15. The procedures went into effect, but as time 17 went on and Board members felt disconnected from the work, then these processes started to 18 19 be installed.

But I think it is at the end of the day still a measure of how we listen to each other and how
we understand our differences and work together. I don't know how to say it any differently.
>> SANTOS: I agree. That's why I said, some of these recommendations, I think, will go a
long way as we improve our working as a unit as opposed to collection as an individual. So
let's move --

25 >> CONNERY: Can I make one last statement? It goes to Mr. Hamilton's point about the procedures always being in place and that we might always be a -- fact of the matter is when 26 27 procedures are not working for us, we deviate from them anyway collegiately. We say, okay, we are -- unanimous consent to stop that procedure because we need to do something 28 29 different. If we didn't have those procedures and had to put one in place for particular contingency, we can put them in. But right now it's kind of -- we're in opposite worlds where 30 we have these layers of procedures and when an emergency comes around, we deviate from 31 32 the procedures.

33 >> HAMILTON: I don't agree that using unanimous consent is a deviation procedure because
 34 it is a procedure.

35 >> CONNERY: My point is to suspend other procedures. That's what I'm saying. There is
 36 always a way around the procedures or without going through the board, just altering work
 37 practices.

38 >> HAMILTON: Let me think about that. Yeah. I will cogitate. Go ahead, Mr. Santos. 39 >> SANTOS: Are we done with 10? Let's go to 11. There is several thoughts and themes 40 on 11. But, again, I go back to this one clearly says revert to traditional organizational staffing 41 dynamic. The Board members shall revert to a more traditional staffing model to better allow 42 the Board's SES members to lead is directors to direct, supervisors to supervise and problems 43 we resolve at lowest possible level. I want to start with question to Ms. Roberson. Because 44 the word uses revert. So --

>> ROBERSON: Yeah. I read through this. And this is my recollection, the Board 1 2 members especially for technical organization has always had a role to play. I mean, it's a 3 specialty class of technical people. And I think the previous Board or Boards were very smart 4 in ensuring that they had the opportunity to have skin in the game when it came to ensuring that the few technical experts they could have were people they had skin in the game in. 5 6 don't know what revert means to either as far as it says -- the way I read this is, Board members 7 should just say bye-bye and, you know, just kind of happens. I think we have a specialty class 8 of technical people for a reason. And I actually don't know what revert means.

9 >> SANTOS: Any --

10 >> HAMILTON: I don't know what revert means either.

>> SANTOS: Okay. It says Board members shall ensure that they and staff members divide 11 12 activities to align with respective roles, holding strategic more technical matters respectfully. 13 So when I went through I just pulled out what I thought were sub-recommendations. Yes, 14 again, I think some of this are all tied to as we come up with improved communications, we 15 really have to better communicate what the roles and responsibilities of the Board, of the staff and interactions. We have to do that. We haven't really done that messaging as us as a 16 17 collective body. And I think that will go a long way to solve some of these issues identified. 18 Ms. Connery?

19 >> CONNERY: I'm going to repeat my early point about the EDO. So this describes the 20 situation in which the staff is, their words, micromanaged and states that the Board members 21 have to balance their technical focus on one hand with strategic considerations on other hand. 22 Which I don't think that anyone around this table would disagree with. And the involvement 23 in the day-to-day business gets a little bit tricky just because the technical work is our business. 24 So it's difficult to separate. But I think how we define the role of the EDO and his or her 25 responsibility vis-a-vis the staff is going to be imperative to get this balance right and the Board 26 members may have to adjust their understanding of what their roles are vis-a-vis the staff in 27 that instance. 28 >> SANTOS: So, again, I think there is an element that will tie to recommendation 12. 29 When we are done, we should talk about that. When we come up with describing that balance -- I like that word -- on how we adjust the roles is important. I also agree with the 30

31 observation that technical work is our work and that there is a nature to that will require some

type of engagement more than -- that are more hands-off kind of approach. I agree, we have
 to look and then come up with a communication strategy for the staff on how we are going to
 operating moving forward.

Involvement of all Board in certain areas like hiring and firing of various agency directors can distract Board members from addressing other important policy and mission issues and

37 lead to the -- function staff members. The Board should pursue legislative changes with the

38 Congress to implement this recommendation. This confused me because a paragraph later in

recommendation 12 starts Board members should appoint an executive director for operations.
 So I'm confused. Any thoughts on that? I think our statute is clear and if there is any
 potential modifications to that, we should put it in the bin. We are going to work with

42 General Counsel and deal with this particular one through that process.

43 >> CONNERY: So I would make the observation that personnel's policy. And in the case of
 44 a small agency such as ourselves, particularly the people in on whom we depend who are in

high levels of responsibility at the -- currently that's our technical director, general manager and
our General Counsel. I think that is a collective Board duty to be able to hire and fire those
individuals because we have to have buy-in to those individuals. Below that, I understand
what they are saying which is that the SESs should be making decisions with regards to who
their direct reports are going to be and that decision process.

6 I will relay a conversation with Ms. Roberson's position that position that she and I 7 had-year-old because I was of the mind because when I got here, Board members weren't 8 involved in staff level hiring. And we were only involved in the senior level hiring and we had 9 a -- there was actually a near-miss of a potentially disastrous hire in one of those top three positions that I will tell you about offline that had the Board members made that decision 10 before I got on Board, we would have fallen into a very bad situation. So I believe that in 11 12 those positions the Board members should be involved. 13 On the staff level, I didn't think it was that important. I thought it was more important

14 that the technical staff was comfortable with who they are hiring. Ms. Roberson made the 15 point which changed my mind a little bit about that which was that if the staff members who are -- people who are applying to join the staff had to interview with each of the Board 16 17 members, then the Board members would have a vested interest in that individual and a 18 connection to that individual. So when it came time for the technical work to be done and 19 that person to be sitting across from us in the Board room, the Board members would feel a 20 connection to the staff member -- I'm speaking on technical side in particular -- that would 21 engender a trust in some of the more sensitive work that we do. And I hadn't considered that 22 before. And I actually think that that is a good point that NAPA didn't take into consideration. 23 >> HAMILTON: Just going to offer a very short comment on your previous question. And I 24 generally agree with most of what you said there. I think there is a muddled message in some 25 of this.

26 >> SANTOS: Yes.

>> ROBERSON: But only thing I was going to add to what Ms. Connery said which -- I don't
know, most of you should know, is the Board actually halted that engagement in that process
because I asked them to. In the spring of 2015, when we had two new Board members
coming on board and we only had three Board members and a lot of stuff going on, I actually
formally asked the other two Board members to halt that until the other two Board members
showed up. We never really revisited that practice and never really revolved this. It was a
temporary halt.

34 >> CONNERY: Then why didn't it restart?

35 >> ROBERSON: It's a good question. I don't know why it didn't restart. All of a sudden it
 36 became folklore that it never happened.

37 >> HAMILTON: When you are saying it --

38 >> ROBERSON: Board member involvement at least the technical.

39 >> HAMILTON: And now we are, in fact, doing that again. Just on my direction. So are 40 we out of this rut? Does this -- because I've directed that all those people come to us -- you 41 have the option. You don't have to interview them. You have the option to. You have the 42 option to look at their resume and you have option to give me any feedback that I will give to 43 the hiring manager. So is that -- are we doing what we need to do now? 44 >> ROBERSON: I personally think it's a good band-aid. But I think the leadership of the

staff needs to have a better comfort in predictability and discipline of the process going 1 2 forward. I don't think we have done -- as a Board member, I'm perfectly comfortable with 3 that. I don't know if it's the long-term solution that provides predictability in the hiring 4 process. >> HAMILTON: Well, you know, sometimes predictability out of the long term comes out of 5 6 doing things the same way for the long term. If we keep doing it, and which I don't have 7 intention of stopping, I think it's a good idea. We just start doing it and it starts getting baked 8 into the cake. 9 >> SANTOS: What I hear you say, you are going to extend the practice that you are doing --10 >> >> HAMILTON: I have no intention of stopping it. I believe -- tell me if I'm wrong -- that I 11 12 have Board consensus that we need to do this. 13 >> CONNERY: So only thing I was pointing out in long-winded conversation -- sorry, lots of 14 coffee -- is that it's contradictory to what NAPA report says. And I just want to acknowledge 15 that because I think that we don't have a bucket for that. >> HAMILTON: And I think there is some contradictions in some of this. 16 17 >> ROBERSON: The only thing I would add is, I'm perfectly comfortable with the country 18 process. But I do believe when as we put together the job description for the EDO is 19 something we ought to consider as the current process. How it fits in or not, what changes 20 should happen. 21 >> HAMILTON: Fair enough. >> SANTOS: I just want to make sure. So we talk about this staff primarily technical. 22 23 Would you also consider the other areas of that. The aspect here is talking about the -- I think 24 the three directors are covered by our statute. What I was saying is that if there is any 25 difference of opinions or proposed changes to that, I certainly don't see or support changes to 26 that aspect. If any of us want to, we do it through the legal effort to look at legislative 27 proposal. That would be how I move forward on that one. 28 Last one I have, the Board Chairperson was truly act as a C.E.O. That's for you, Bruce. 29 >> HAMILTON: Well, read the first half of the sentence. >> SANTOS: I will. As other Board members step back day-to-day matters like concerns for 30 particular personnel appraisal, the Board's chairperson must truly act as a C.E.O. In the aspect 31 32 of membership of the Board, members must bring best qualities of a leader inspiring the staff 33 to perform their functions with excellence enforcing a climate of professionalism and respect 34 and actively addressing the top issues that effect organizational performance. 35 >> HAMILTON: This is the muddled message. On the one hand, we are saying we need to 36 be more participatory in the selection of key staff. But all staff. And on the other hand, the 37 Board should step back. This is the kind of where I'm -- where there is cognitive dissonance 38 that I've been talking about. >> ROBERSON: I think the difference for me is in laws and regulations and collaborative 39 processes. So it's not to say that the Chairman can't say, you know, sub of the office directors, 40 we are going to hire so-and-so. But it's the communication process that leads up to it. 41 So it's not all just what I call regulatory process. That would be the difference. Does that make 42 43 sense? >> HAMILTON: Well, I think this example of what we are doing we've started doing now is a 44

good one because, you know, your option to interview technical staff -- and I would encourage
you to do it -- your option to provide feedback to the hiring manager. But that's collaborative.
It's not regulatory. And it's not a set of rules and you are not having a veto or anything like
that. It's just, hey, I think you may be -- at this person before you pull the trigger. This sort
of thing. So it is a collaborative process.

6 That's why I don't think that Board members should step back from this sort of thing in this7 particular case.

8 >> CONNERY: So I'm going to go back to an old hobbyhorse when it comes to 9 communications. Because I think we've broken down -- we talked a little bit about how that's broken down and that's the game of telephone. When it comes to day-to-day operations, 10 you're going to the what you are going to do. And honestly, I've been in your seat. So knock 11 12 yourself out. However, I think the communication's process is lacking. We have to be 13 appraised of what's happening with staff because they are the tools be which we do our work. 14 I didn't mean to call the staff tools. Sorry about that guys. So if there is personnel changes 15 and we are not apprised of them in realtime or if there is a filter whereby when something happens on site or something happens to a staff member, unless it's a personnel issue and it 16 goes to you and, you know, for whatever reasons you don't share that with the Board and staff 17 18 feels like before they communicate anything, they have to go to the Chair and then comes 19 down, then that's not working for me in terms of day-to-day operations. 20 I think the senior staff should be trained to provide information to all Board members

simultaneously. And whether that means we go back to gatherings or if that means we
actually use, you know, e-mail in that way with a CC, that's fine for me. I don't have to be in
the operations. I need to have visibility in them to get at if there are things that are flagged
for me as regulatory issues. Or simply to know that person I thought was the cog of Idaho is
no longer the cog of Idaho. That's pertinent information to my day-to-day job that I should
have in realtime.

>> SANTOS: You have two jobs and they pay the same. You are C.E.O. and Board member, 27 And that's a challenge to find out, you know, what are matters that belong to the 28 right? 29 collective Board and what are matters that in your judgment are under the purview of a chief executive. And I think as we continue to improve our team building and our communications 30 amongst yourselves, will go along way to clear some misexpectations and issues that we are 31 32 having in this regard. Because your intention to keep the train running on time, I think -- I 33 have felt that sometimes matters that should belong to the Board were not handled like that. 34 So I look forward to let's keep the communications channels open and, you know, as you 35 continue to execute your function. You know, my Board member had, what does need. lf 36 you feel that needs to be provided, then give it to all of us. 37 So I think it's more just communication on this one. And I'm done.

38 >> HAMILTON: Okay. [away from the mic].

39 >> ROBERSON: Yes. I shall be very efficient as I hope you all will be too. Okay.

40 Recommendation 12. Major heading is appoint on executive director for operations.

41 Subtext, Board members should appoint an executive director for operations to lead the staff,

42 filling the position after a deliberative and open search, including consideration of outside

43 candidates. They are actually two specific paths I propose to the Board. But after not just

reading this, but reading the supporting information in the report, I would say filling the

position as many of you have already touched on, will provide great opportunity for improve
technical and policy support, closing obvious gaps between technical staff and administrative
support functions and will encourage greater teaming and mutual support. It also provides
for more traditional relationship between presidentially appointed officials and professional
staff, I believe.
The second part of recommendation 12 makes no specific recommendation other than to

let SES leaders manage and that those SES should give up to highest standards of professional
demeanor. As I read this in the entire report, it was unclear what was actually intended here.
However, it appeared that based on some of their examples, Board members were preventing
SESs from managing their staffs. And in turn, SESs were publicly demonizing Board members.
They actually included an example. Rendering an unhealthy work environment for all.
Neither parties happy.

I think there must be more to understand here. And I strongly suggest the Board move to
range a team building session with the agency's career management team or series of such.
And so I'll just stop there. I have two specific suggestions, but I will leave it open for comment
if anyone wants to.

17 >> CONNERY: [away from the mic]

18 >> ROBERSON: Two specific suggestions in response to recommendation 12. You want me to just go ahead and put them? Okay. One is to actually -- not necessarily today but in the 19 20 next few days -- actually set a time in place for communications or team building session with 21 our SES core. And then the second one, I would say, and I'm happy deal with this usually until Mr. Santos starts signing work across the table. I will happily work with human resources to 22 23 review some example candidate position descriptions for EDOs or executive directors at other 24 boards and commissions and propose a job description for the full Board's consideration for an 25 EDO here. And I'm happy to work with you and legal or the rest of the Board, whomever, to 26 support pursuing congressional authorization to proceed with establishing the position. 27 Okay?

>> SANTOS: You touched on reaching out to, you know, Congress to make sure we can
 execute some of this. But I'm fully supportive and continue to be of [unintelligible] of EDO.
 >> CONNERY: Okay. I'm going to address all three of them. Time and place for SES core
 team building. Absolutely. I think we've gone far too long without communicating directly
 with our senior executive staff. I think that is causing some challenges. So I'm interested in
 finding out what the public demonizing thing is too. That's a separate issue.

34 Secondly, I would support looking at a position description. If you work with our human 35 resource and board can converge on position description, I think that would be helpful in terms 36 of timelines. I think the sooner that we do that and have that position description in hand to 37 go to your third point to go to Congress for mother may I, I think that would be extremely 38 And having us all on board and I will refer back to several comments that I have helpful. To me, this only works if we -- that individual with the capacity to actually manage the 39 before. staff and the workload with minimal interference. I don't mean that in a negative way -- of 40 41 Board members even though some of us who have done the management thing before like to 42 play in that area. We need to be able to step back.

There is one other aspect that I would ask you to explore with human resources and this is -- if it's supported. And I believe this can be done. I think that this position requires more than simply going out into the ether at U.S.A. jobs. I believe this should have an executive
headhunter aspect to it and that we get the highest caliber candidate that we can also afford.

3 That's also part of the PD is to understand what exactly senior executive level we can hire to

4 and what type of head-hunting we can use.

5 >> ROBERSON: I agree.

6 >> HAMILTON: Hearing no other comments -- oh, Mr. Santos.

>> SANTOS: Yeah, I agree and we -- I don't know -- it's communication. We need team
building. I don't know if that's right term to begin with. We need to reach out and
communicate. I just see us getting more and more apart.

>> ROBERSON: Yeah. I agree with you. Only thing I was going to say is, there is lots of
 talk regardless. So we got to get out of our bubble a little bit. Because the communication is
 happening in spite of us.

SANTOS: On the EDO and something I can provide my input as we get beyond the position description, some of the challenge that I have seen is whether there is an EDO or one of office directors, the concept of do they work for the Board or just serve the Chairman. And that dynamic is something we really have to look at and consider. Especially some of the actions kind of are on the C.E.O. versus the board aspects of it. That has created a lot of tension and mistrust. And I see this EDO as an opportunity to address this kind of issue.

SROBERSON: This is -- I don't know if I have said it to you or somebody else. This has not necessarily been an issue uniquely with technical director. At one point, it was an issue with legal counsel too. I think it's something that we could probably spend more time on. I think there is a difference between who you work for and who you serve. And I think that's where we need to make the clarification. I mean, by the law, unless delegated from a performance standpoint, definitely work for the chairman. I'm assuming performance expectations address serving the Board. But I think it's a good point.

SANTOS: I just want opportunity to address something that has created divisions among
 us. That's all.

>> CONNERY: I think we also have to be realistic because I think that Board has put a lot of
 expectations on EDO. Having structure in EDO in place has solved a lot of problems. We
 need to address our expectations amongst ourselves that we still have to put in the work
 because that's not going to be the end all be all. We could end up in same place if same

32 behaviors continue.

Would like to hear the Chairman weigh in on his views of the team building and of the EDO just because you have not said anything.

35 >> HAMILTON: Well, I will say the same thing that Ms. Roberson said. I agree with both
 36 concepts. Both of them. I'm supportive of them.

37 >> ROBERSON: Thank you all.

38 >> HAMILTON: Okay. That finishes recommendation number 12. I'm going to ask
 39 Ms. Blaine to summarize the new items as best she can. We will start with five and go to 12.
 40 Go ahead.

41 >> BLAINE: okay. So number five I have as being assigned to Mr. Hamilton for action.
 42 >> HAMILTON: Correct.

43 >> BLAINE: No further discussion on that. Number six also assigned to Mr. Hamilton for
 44 further action.

- 1 >> HAMILTON: Correct.
- 2 >> BLAINE: Number seven. Also been assigned to Mr. Hamilton for further action.
- 3 >> HAMILTON: Correct.
- 4 >> BLAINE: Number eight, assigned for Mr. Hamilton for action. You will ensure that the
 5 deck rep knows that this recommendation exists.

6 >> HAMILTON: Correct.

7 >> BLAINE: Number nine has been assigned to Ms. Connery for further action.

8 >> HAMILTON: Was there more than one subset of nine?

9 >> BLAINE: There were four sub-recommendations but no specific assignments under each

10 sub. So generally, it's been assigned to Ms. Connery.

11 >> HAMILTON: Okay.

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19 >> HAMILTON: Your action. You happy with that?

20 >> SANTOS: Yes. I agree.

>> BLAINE: Progress. Okay. Sub-recommendation number two, work from a unified
 agenda and work plan that implements the priorities on which Board members choose to focus.
 Again, no specific Board members assignments. Just general agreement that you should

create a unified agenda and that it would flow from the strategic plan. So in progress.

- Okay. Sub-recommendation number three. Limit the use of additional RFBAs taskings to
 address emergent situations and emergencies. Once again, no specific Board member
- assignments. Everyone agreed that staff needs to be empowered to be responsive to

emergent issues instead of relying on the Board to submit an RFBAs. But, again, this will all flow from enhanced team building and building trust with one another as well as better

30 communications. So will flow down from recommendations two and four. In progress.

There was a sub-recommendation number four. No real discussion on the matter of about reconsidering the withdraw and never implemented process and improvement that would give

reconsidering the withdraw and never implemented process and improvement that would give

33 Board members and staff opportunity to discuss and provide input on potential RFBAs.

- Nothing really happened here. So I would consider this closed? Unless there is Boardmember objection.
- 36 >> HAMILTON: Okay. This is 11. Which one --
- 37 >> BLAINE: This would be sub-recommendation number 4 under 10.
- 38 >> HAMILTON: You consider that closed?
- 39 >> BLAINE: Closed.
- 40 >> HAMILTON: Okay.
- 41 >> BLAINE: There was a collateral tasking that came out of recommendation to Mr. --
- 42 >> ROBERSON: I have a comment.
- 43 >> BLAINE: Okay.
- 44 >> ROBERSON: I think the one thing -- at least I suggested. I don't know if the other

Board members agree. That I would put that -- I would hold that and consider it when we get 1 2 to the recommendation on our procedures. Yeah.

- 3 >> SANTOS: Like I said the whole RFBAs notation [away from the mic].
- 4 >> BLAINE: So I'll change that to table then or in progress, excuse me.
- 5 >> SANTOS: [away from the mic].
- 6 >> ROBERSON: If you table it now, we will come back to it.

7 >> BLAINE: Okay. Tabled. And, like I said, collateral tasking to Mr. Hamilton arising from 8 this recommendation to develop an analysis of failed communications in order to determine 9 why they failed and how to redress the failure.

- >> HAMILTON: That's not going to be part of this. That's something I'm doing, but it's not 10 11 going to be tracked on this.
- 12 >> BLAINE: Okay.

>> SANTOS: I have a comment and that's a good point that you bring up. We have the 13 14 NAPA report, we have the [unintelligible] report. We are going through this in methodical 15 way for that we are tracking. As we are going through this, we are all learning. We are going to get more inputs from the staff and others. And there might be areas that we want to do 16 the one that cover Nintendo of the recommendations. And we have to find a way also to 17 keep tabs on that and integrate it. So I'm okay that we don't track it as part of this one 18 19 because this is specific to the NAPA. But I don't want to lose sight that there is other actions 20 that we are going to be taking to address all the issues or learning and tackling it. So any 21 comments on -- reactions from that? 22 So I would just not want to lose it. I'm good as far as tracking of NAPA recommendation.

23 But I don't want to lose tracking of that.

24 >> BLAINE: Okay. Okay. Moving on to recommendation number 11. This was divided 25 into three sub-recommendations. First divide activities to align with roles holding in strategic 26 and policy matters. Again, this was tied to enhanced improvements and communications between Board members and staff as well as recommendation 12 regarding the hiring of the 27 28 EDO. I consider this in progress?

29 Sub-recommendation number two is to pursue legislative changes to strengthen the chairperson's role as agency C.E.O. There is a general assignment to all Board members that if 30 anybody is interested in doing this so that we would put it in the general bin of legislative 31 32 changes being pursued. Otherwise, Mr. Hamilton has the assignment to keep the practice of including Board members and technical staff hiring. 33

34 >> HAMILTON: Yeah. And I don't think that was part of the recommendation, was it? It 35 was just the opposite.

36 >> BLAINE: It was just the opposite.

37 >> HAMILTON: So that one is really not something we are tracking as part of this. I am going to continue that practice for the record. But it's not a tracking item. It's non-tracking. 38 >> BLAINE: Sure. All right. The final sub-recommendation, the Chairperson must truly 39 act of C.E.O. and bring best qualities of a leader to the position. Once again, this was tied back 40 to enhanced communications between Board members as well as more team building 41 42 exercises. So I consider this in progress.

43 No objection?

44 Moving on to Recommendation Number 12. There were three action items assigned to Ms. Roberson as a result of this recommendation. The first is that she is going to set a time for a team building activity with the SES core. Number two, she is going to work with HR to review candidate position descriptions for EDOS and other board's commissions and propose a full description for the Board's EDO. In doing so, she is going to ensure that PD clarifies who the EDO would serve. She will also explore the possibility of using on executive headhunter to ensure we get the highest caliber candidate. Finally Ms. Roberson will work with ODC to work with pursuing allege native change to establish this position.

- 8 >> HAMILTON: Good?
- 9 >> BLAINE: That's it.

10 >> HAMILTON: All right. Next item of business is that I would like to offer a proposal in the 11 form of a vote to have the next meeting -- we are having a meeting on Valentine's Day. Which 12 is the third in the series of meetings that we approved. I would like to offer a next meeting in 13 the month of March. Specific date to be determined. So I would like to make a motion that 14 we hold a -- well, I guess it would be a fourth meeting on this topic. Whatever the language of 15 the first one was. I don't remember. What's your question?

16 >> CONNERY: I second.

17 >> HAMILTON: Ms. Connery seconds the motion. But can you read what --

18 >> BLAINE: I'm going to use the language from the last one if that works.

19 >> HAMILTON: That would be fine.

20 >> BLAINE: Vote for the Board to approve to conduct a fourth Board member public

21 business meeting in March of 2019 to discuss the implicit and explicit recommendations

22 captured in the National Academy of Public Administration's Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety

23 Board organizational assessment and recent inspector general recommendations concerning

24 the effectiveness of the DNFSB.

25 >> HAMILTON: So moved. Ms. Connery.

26 >> CONNERY: Second.

27 >> HAMILTON: Discussion?

>> SANTOS: I'm supportive of having a fourth meeting or maybe a fifth or whatever we 28 29 need. But I want to consider the following. I see value of the team building exercises that are brings us together and work better as a unit. I think we need more of them. And, yes, 30 we have one more planned -- what's the date? The 11th. I do feel that we need more team 31 building exercises prior to our third meeting. So what I would like for us to consider is 32 potentially having the third meeting moved from Valentine's Day to March to allow more some 33 34 of these sessions and then figure out the fourth one whether probably May. Just give us a 35 little bit more time for additional not only team building but preparation and making some 36 progress on some of the actions that we are tracking. Because it's getting to a point that we 37 got to get start to execute some of the things we are doing. And I think some of this meetings 38 are getting a little bit too close together. That's just my view on that. So before we move on, I just want to see any reactions to what I just talked about. 39 40 >> ROBERSON: More team building. I agree. I mean, the more we work on it, the more

efficient these exchanges become too. I think this week because of the weather, and other
reasons, I don't feel we were as effective and efficient as we could be. But I do think the
sessions that we're having, the team building sessions, are critical and they really are the

43 sessions that we're having, the team building sessions, are critical and they really are the
44 sustaining -- the sustainment of anything we decide to do in here. So I'm supportive.

Now as far as delaying, I'm okay having it, but I think we could have another team building
 session before the end too. That's me.

3 >> HAMILTON: Let me make sure I understand what you just said. You are talking about
 4 another team building session before meeting four? Okay. He's talking about delaying
 5 meeting three.

6 >> ROBERSON: Right. So put us together.

7 >> CONNERY: Con [away from the mic].

8 >> HAMILTON: We have one scheduled for the 11th.

9 >> ROBERSON: [away from the mic].

10 >> HAMILTON: What I'm hearing you say is you are not inclined to delay meeting three.

NOBERSON: No. That's not what I intend to say. What I intend to say -- I'm sorry.
 What I intend to say is more team building. And if we can't do more team building before
 session three, then I may be okay delaying it until we can.

HAMILTON: Well, currently we have a team building session on the 11th which is three
 days before the meeting number three. If that happens and we don't have another snow day,
 would that be adequate?

17 >> ROBERSON: I think more team building. And frankly, I would like to have a session with
 18 our SES core before session three. I don't know -- I haven't looked at the calendar to see.

>> HAMILTON: So the motion on the table is to have a fourth meeting in March. Now, if
 we want to readjust what we are doing in February, I'm willing to table the motion -- is that the
 right term? And we can make a decision on March and then I may reintroduce the motion.

22 >> CONNERY: Can I speak to this motion first?

23 >> HAMILTON: Yes.

>> CONNERY: I think it's the wrong move to delay the public meeting on the 4th
 because -- 14th -- because I believe we need to continue momentum. And a lot of these
 issues are cross pollinated. So if we try to make progress on any of the other ones without
 looking forward and understanding where Board members are, we are going to get stimied.

That being said, I think there is room to say we will have the fourth meeting in March. We will keep the third meeting on February 14th and meet on February 11th. Between now and February 11th, we should be able to find a date for either for all of us to meet or all of us to meet with the senior executives, which I think would be the better idea if we can come up with a date to do that. And then we would have had two team buildings prior to the 14th and we can proceed.

34 >> HAMILTON: Okay. I want to chair your offer that I share your sentiment that we should
 35 not lose momentum is that better is the enemy of good enough. If we try to make these
 36 meetings perfect, we are never going to have them. So I'm -- my sentiment is that we should
 37 proceed with what we have scheduled. If we can add another team building or the SES level
 38 team building, that's great, but I don't think we should delay the meeting on the 14th. And I
 39 think we should, you know, proceed with the vote that we have on the table. Mr. Santos.
 40 >> SANTOS: I'm okay. I guess I'm similar to Ms. Roberson, I want more team buildings. I

40 22 SANTOS. THEORAY. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings. Figuress for similar to NS. Roberson, Fwant more team buildings for the four do with the SESs. I'm saying we have the 11th. Let's have another team building for the four of us if we can before the 14th and if we can also do the SES as a separate one. And if we can do the SES one before the 14th, we will do it before the 4th meeting. Let's keep the meetings.

Three and four. Go through a motion. Let's add more team buildings for all us also between
 meetings.
 >> CONNERY: Procedural question. We don't actually have to vote on the team building

3 >> CONNERY: Procedural question. We don't actually have to vote
 4 stuff, do we? We can just agree to it?

5 >> HAMILTON: That's correct. We can just agree to it offline. Okay. Anymore

6 discussion on the question on the table of the fourth meeting?

- 7 >> ROBERSON: I'm good with that path Mr. Santos laid out.
- 8 >> HAMILTON: All right. General Counsel, call the question?
- 9 >> BLAINE: Ms. Roberson?
- 10 >> ROBERSON: Yes.
- 11 >> BLAINE: Ms. Connery?
- 12 >> CONNERY: Yes.
- 13 >> BLAINE: Mr. Santos?
- 14 >> SANTOS: Yes.
- 15 >> BLAINE: Mr. Hamilton?
- >> HAMILTON: Aye. Okay. I think that's all the things we had on the agenda plus one.
 I'm going to open up for closing comments.
- 17 I m going to open up for closing comments.
- 18 >> SANTOS: Do we want to keep the record open for comments on the vote?
- 19 >> HAMILTON: Oh, on the vote. Thank you. Does anybody want to make comments on
 20 the vote? Okay. Then we don't need to hold it open. Okay. Thank you for bringing that
 21 up
- 21 up.
- 22 Closing comments, Ms. Roberson?
- 23 >> ROBERSON: No closing comments.
- 24 >> HAMILTON: Thank you, Ms. Roberson. Mr. Santos?

>> SANTOS: This is a good start. We have NAPA, we have IG. Like I said, there is going to
 be other areas that we are going to be learning and that we need to integrate to all of the these
 recommendations. I also feel that we are getting to a point that we need to start engaging
 not only the senior staff but staff as part of this whole process. I believe we still have work for

four of us to do. I hope there is some patience to let us figure out some of the areas we want

- 30 to go before we start bringing in the staff. I look forward to that part of the process too.
- 31 Thank you.
- 32 >> HAMILTON: Thank you, Mr. Santos. Ms. Connery?
- 33 >> CONNERY: Thank you, I've said enough.
- 34 >> HAMILTON: We are adjourned.